Jordan Time

حوردان تايمز يومية أسياسية تصغر بالإنجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية بالإرتفية والراي،

Israelis round up Muslim fundamentalists

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AP) — Israel rounded up dozens of activists of the Muslim fundamentalist group Hamas, including its deputy leader.

Arab reporters said Saturday. The move apparently was aimed at preventing guerriffa attacks that could threaten Middle East peace talks.

Hamas staunchly opposes the talks as a sellout. The sweep began late Friday in the occupied Gaza Strip, and troops detained several dozen Hamas activists, Arab reports said. Among those arrested was Ibrahim Yazouri, 55, the deputy leader of Hamas in Gaza, the reports said. The sweep started hours after U.S. Secretary of State James Baker and Soviet Foreign Minister Boris Pankin announced that the peace conference would begin Oct. 30 in Madrid. Dr. Mahmoud Zahar, a Gaza physician and Hamas leader, said Saturdy that the arrests were linked to the proposed peace talks. "This is a political campaign. It is an attempt to nce the voice of the opposition," he told the Associated Press. Arab reporters said 17 Hamas activists were detained in the Shati refugee camp, 10 in Gaza City, and many more in the Nuscirat refugee camp. The exact igure was not known. Mr. Yazouri is a Gaza City pharmacist and heads a key Hamas institution, the Islamic Charitable Organisation.

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Iran 'ready to send' troops to fight Israel'

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NICOSIA (AP) — Iran's Presi-dent Hasheuri Rafsaniani Saturdent Hasheun Rafsanjani Satur-day condemned the planned Midday concernment are presence and to send said Tehran was ready to send said Tehran was ready to troops to Israel to fight alongside.

Palestinians. "We are ready to contribute to the needs of the Palestinians," the Islamic Republic News Agency quoted Mr. Raf-sanjani as saying. Opening a foursanjam as saying. Tehran in support of the Palestinian people, he said "Iran is even man people, in our part of fight ready to dispatch troops to fight Israel along with the Palesti Rafsanjani as saying the U.S.sponsored peace conference, ex Constant pected to convene in Madrid, Spain on Oct. 30, was a "strategic blunder." Calling it an "imposed on un conference," he said the talks were aimed at sowing discord among Muslims. Predicting the outcome of the talks, Mr. Rafsanan jailed of jani said, "in my opinion this 3 to kill him conference will have a very weak achievement, if any."

👚 🖙 China denies * helping 🛂 Iran nuclear project

BEDING (AP) — China Saturday again demed involvement in developing Iran's nuclear weapons programme. The denial was made by the Foreign Ministry in response to a Washington Times report Wednesday that quoted U.S. officials as saying China was helping Iran build a nuclear reactor that was part of a secret weapons programme. The report also said Tehran was seeking to buy M-11 guided missiles from China. A Foreign Ministry spokesman called the report lar denials this summer when U.S. officials and an Iranian opposition leader named China as one of several countries helping Iran develop conn-China said in August that it would sign the nuclear Non-The limit yet done so.

ing in Sold C Saud in Tunis

TUNIS (R) — Saudi Arabian Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal arrived in Tunis Saturday to the end with a message from King Fahd to Tunisian President Zine Al - . Abidine Ben Ali.

U.N.: 60,000 Iraqi refugees in Iran

NICOSIA (R) — There are about 60,000 Iraqi refugees in 30 camps in western and southern the office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) said Saturday in Tehran. It said 1.4 million Iraqis fled to Iran in April following abortive rebellions by the Kurds and Shiite Muslims against the government. The UNHCR said in a report carried by Iran's national news agency IRNA that the Iragis were in the border provinces of West Azar-Khuzestan and Lorestan.

Major dealt blow by latest poil

LONDON (R) — An opinion poll showing a seven-point lead for the opposition Labour Party dealt a blow on Saturday to the British Conservative government's bopes of winning next year's general election. Prime election in the next nine months. Other recent polls had put the nets. But the Harris Poll for showed that 46 per cent would vote Labour, up from 41 per cent last moath. The Conservatives got 39 per cent down Sunday's Observer newspaper got 39 per cent, down from 40 last month, and the minority Liberal Democrats 12 per cent, down from 13. The Observer survey found growing pessimism about with unemployment rising sharpthe economy, mired in recession ly. Those believing they would be from 19 per cent to 15 per cent. better off in six month's time fell The number expecting to be worse off rose from 24 per cent to 29 per cent. The one bright spot for the Conservatives was that of Labour leader Neil Kinnock in personal popularity. Some 72 per personal popularity. Some 72 per cent thought Mr. Major was either doing a very good or fairly thought either doing a vegood job.

Jordan accepts invitation to peace conference, reaffirms its principles

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter with agency dispatches

AMMAN --- Jordan Saturday became the first country to formally announce its acceptance of the American-Soviet invitation to attend the Middle East peace conference to be convened in Madrid, Spain, on Oct. 30. The decision to accept the in-

vitation, which was delivered to Foreign Minister Kamel Abu Jaber earlier in the day, was taken at a regular cabinet session chaired by Prime Minister Taher

A cabinet statement carried by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, said the decision "in principle" to accept the invitation was based "the principles of the Jordanian policy since 1967 — which are commitment to international legitimacy and U.N. Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338, which call for exchange of land for peace and rule out the acquisition of territory by force and call for Israeli withdrawal from all occupied territories, including Jerusalem, and for ensuring the rights of the Palestinian people in order to achieve a just, durable the Arab-Israeli conflict."

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM

(AP) - After two days of inten-

from the occupied territories on

Middle East peace talks, a

The designation of Palestinian

negotiators is one of the key issues that needs to be resolved

before the conference can be

Israel has said it would only negoti-

ate with Palestinians from the occu-pied West Bank and Gaza Strip who are not openly affiliated with the Palestine Liberation Organisation

The Palestinians insist they have the right to name their own nego-

tiators, but apparently have agreed under U.S. pressure to send only delegates that will meet Israeli de-

Palestinian leader Faisal Husseini

said he handed the list of names to

home in Jerusalem on Saturday after-

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israel's

right-wing government could split

over the summons to a Middle

East peace conference but Prime

Minister Yitzhak Shamir has

been promised support from the left if hardliners desert him.

Housing Minister Ariel Shar-

on, a declared rival to Mr. Shamir

for leadership of the Likud Party,

called Saturday for the prime

minister's resignation and

announced he would fight against

Mr. Shamir has not given a

final "yes" to Friday's U.S.-

Soviet invitation to Madrid but

says he sees no better course. He

faces his cabinet, the most conservative in Israel's history, on

Leaders of three hawkish par-

ties that hold the key to Mr.

Shamir's slender parliamentary

majority say they will leave the

government if peace talks touch

on territorial compromise or

autonomy for Palestinians in the

occupied West Bank and Gaza

the American policy on which

U.S. Secretary of States James

Baker won Arab consent to the

conference, due to open on Oct.

Leftist opposition leaders

promised Saturday to support the

"Land for peace" is the basis of

the conference.

U.S. Consul Molly William

convened in Madrid on Oct. 30.

Palestinian leader said.

(PLO).

proposed peace conference prorides a genuine opportunity to achieve a just, durable and comprehensive solution in the re-

"The Jordanian government, in view of its realisation of the nature of Arab, regional and international changes and in fulfilment of its national and pan-Arab responsibilities, has decided to accept the invitation to attend the peace conference in a joint Iordanian-Palestinian delegation." the statement said.

The Jordanian position will be conveyed to the two sponsors of the conference — the United States and the Soviet Union through diplomatic channels, the statement added.

The invitation to the peace conference was delivered to Dr. Abu Jaber by American Ambassador Roger Harrison and Soviet son said. Ambassador Yuri Geradinov during a meeting at the Foreign Ministry.

Speaking after being handed the formal invitation, Mr. Abu Jaber said:

"We are optimistic and we hope that God will help us in this three-day opening session, Mr. Harripeace march because the road son said ahead of us is a tough and a

Palestinians submit list of

14 peace delegates to U.S.

announced whom they will send to

But a Palestinian source said the

delegation would apparently be

headed by Dr. Haider Abdul Shafi, 71, a physician from the occupied Gsza Strip. Dr. Abdul Shafi is a supporter of

the PLO's mainstream Fatch faction

headed by Chairman Yasser Arafat. Dr. Abdul Shafi was a member of

the PLO's first Executive Committee

in 1964. In 1967, he was expelled by

Israel to the Sinai, then Israeli-occupied, but was later allowed to

return to Gaza.

The Palestinian source said that at

the request of the Americans, the

names of the other delegates would not immediately be released. Palestinian leaders had met with

U.S. Secretary of State James Baker

in Jerusalem Friday to discuss the composition of the Palestinian, de-

sive negotiations, Palestinians names, saying the Palestinians would from the occupied territories on only make them public after other

Israeli hardliners set to

battle over conference

Mr. Husseini refused to give the did not receive a complete list of

conference participants have Minister Yitzhak Shamir that the

Israel's "param

Ambassador Harrisson said Washington expected to receive Wednesday.

cuss preparations for the conference with Soviet Foreign Minister Boris Pankin who is due in Jordan Sunday. Dr. Abu Jaber said that Jordan was stic to a certain degree about obstacles will be overcome. He cited His Majesty King Hussein's recent address to the national congress in which he said that the road ahead was long and hard.

The foreign minister said Jordan welcomes the idea of holding the conference in Madrid and was confident that the Spanish government would provide all facilities for its

The conference will be held at the nisterial level as provided for in the invitations sent to the concerned goveraments and the opening session will be attended by the U.S. and Amer-

United Nations as well as the six-member Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) countries will also take part the opening session as observers.

The Guif states will be involved in

names during the meeting. However,

Palestinian negotiators would meet

Israel refuses to accept Palestinians who live in Arab East Jerusalem.

Israel also insisted that, no Palesti-mians with obvious links to the PLO

Israle also rules out Palestinians

ees have a right to return to their

living outside the occupied lands, saying their presence would give legi-timacy to demands that Palestinian

es in what is now Israel.

All along, the Palestinians have unisted that they have the right to

same their own delegation, and have

coordinated their moves with the

But they apparently have agreed to U.S. compromise proposals, for example having East Jerualem represented by a delegate who lives in a village on the outskirts of Jerusalem

that used to be part of the city before

be permitted in the talks.

Baker hopeful on Madrid talks; but no assumptions ary of State James Baker said Satur-

day he was hopeful a Middle East e conference would go ahead in Madrid Oct. 30 and create "an active and viable peace process," for the

region.
"We are hopeful there will indeed be this conference in Madrid, but we do not take anything for granted and are not making any assumptions," Mr. Baker told a news conference

Mr. Baker flew to Madrid from Israel for a courtesy call on Mr. Gonzalez after announcing in occupied Jerusalem Friday the surprise choice of the Spanish capital as site of

No responses have yet been re-ceived to the joint U.S.-Soviet invitation to the talks, called after months

of diplomacy.
"We have been working diligently for the past seven months with the

will respond positively and affirma-tively, Mr. Baker said. "We hope the people of the Middle

EXHIBITION: Prime Minister Taker Masri items made by handicapped children. Mr. Masri Saturday at an exhibition of paintings and other opened the exhibition earlier (see page 3).

East will have the opportunity to see created an active and viable peace He said extensive letters of assur-

ances had been negotiated with each party, giving hope the response would be positive.

The conference, brokered by the United States and the Soviet Union,

is designed to bring together Israel Syria, Lebanon and a joint Jordanian include Egypt, the Gulf Arab states, the Maghreb countries, the United Natious and the European Come

The invitations stated that the conrence, to last three days, would be followed four days later by bilateral tions between Israel and each of the Arab parties. There was no agreement vet on where such talks

Asked why Madrid had been chosen for the conference. Mr. Baker said Spain had good relations with all the countries invited and extensive

"We could not have found anywhere a more cooperative spirit and a more willing attitude," Mr. Baker said, thanking Mr. Gonzalez for taking on "this rather large responsibil-

Mr. Gonzalez said his govern had 48 hours notice that Madrid might be chosen and confirmation 24 hours later. He thanked Mr. Baker for U.S. confidence in the Spanish There was no formal word on the

site of the conference but the Royal Palace and the Palacio de Congresos, which has housed the European security conference and a European nity summit, have been mentioned as possible venues.

Pankin pledges to work

Assad, **Arafat** meet

DAMASCUS (Agencies) tion (PLO) Chairman Arafat, after prodding Palestimians to the Middle East conference table, met Syrian President Hafez Al Assad Saturday to bury years of animosity before historic peace talks with Israel.

Reconciliation is expected to pave the way for a pre-peace conference summit of Mr. Arafat and the four Arab leaders whose countries border Israel.

Syria, Israel's most unyielding Arab foe, said after talks with U.S. Secretary of State James Baker Wednesday it would attend the conference, which is co-sponsored by Washington and Moscow. It opens in Madrid on Oct. 30.

The PLO, barred from attending by Israel's refusal to speak to it, Friday sanctioned the idea of a joint Israel, which considers its fina response at its regular Sunday cabinet meeting, has expressed concern about the behind-the-scenes role of the

But Mr. Baker has said the names of the Palestinian delegates seem acceptable and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir says he will recom-

nend Israeli attendance. Mr. Arafat began talks with Vice-President Abdul Halim Khaddam immediately after arriving in the Syrian capital Saturday, his first visit for

three years.
Presidential spokesman Joubran
Kourieh said Mr. Arafat and his delegation met Mr. Assad and Mr. Khaddam at the presidential palace

on Saturday evening.

The PLO leader, who was expelled from Syria in 1983, may also meet visiting Soviet Foreign Minister Boris Pankin before leaving for Jordan and

Syrian Foreign Minister Farouq Al Sharaa said ministers of the front line countries would meet soon to prepare (Continued on page 5)

Kidnappers say hostage can meet wife and child guised as policemen in January 1987.

BEIRUT (Agencies) - Pro-Iranian kidnappers, in a further sign that the Lebanon hostage crisis may be nearing an end, have told one of their hostages that his wife and the daughter he

has never met can visit him. The Islamic Jihad for the Liberation of Palesine (IJLP), which has held two Americans since 1987 but remained silent throughout the latest flurry of

hostage releases, said Friday it would allow university professor Jesse Turner for an hour. "I am very, very eager to see him even for one moment," Badr Turner told the British Broad-

casting Corporation (BBC) by telephone from the United She said she would go to Leba-

non in a few days, adding: "I hope that it will be longer. than one hour and I hope that they allow him to come home with me. Of course, you know he hasn't seen his daughter at all." Mr. Turner, 44, a professor of

computer science, was kidnapped with fellow American Allann Steen, 52, a professor of mass communication, from Beirut University College by gummen disThe offer from the group hold-

ing Mr. Turner came only hours after a second kidnap group denied it sought guarantees of personal safety for its members if all the hostages are freed. The developments late Friday

gave rise to both optimism and pessimism over changes that the remaining nine Western captives in Lebanon could be freed soon. They also coincided with a U.S.-Soviet announcement that a

Middle East peace conference will convene Oct. 30, during a period when world pressures for Israeli concessions will be acute. IJLP released photos of Mr. Turner and another American it holds, Aliann Steen. The other

group, called simply Islamic Jihad, released a photo of American journalist Terry Anderson. The two groups are believed to operate under the umbrella of

Hizbollah (Party of God). The flood of photographs and statements over recent weeks sparked hope that the kidnap groups were moving towards freeing the remaining hostages. for Israeli withdrawal DAMASCUS (Agencies) -Soviet Foreign Minister Boris Israeli withdrawal from occupied

Arab territories when landmark peace talks between the Arabs and Israelis open in Madrid on Syrian presidential spokesman Joubran Kourieh said Mr. Pankin

made his promise during talks in Damascus with President Hafez Al Assad. Mr. Kourieh said that Mr.

Pankin, whose country is cosponsoring the conference with the United States, said Moscow wanted to see a just peace in the Middle East on the basis of U.N. Security Council resolutions 242 and 338, which call for an exchange of occupied land for

peace.
The Syrian president reiterated his desire for peace and said all parties should work to achieve it." Mr. Kourich said.

"Everybody has an interest in a just and comprehensive peace. Everybody should work to achieve this objective," Mr.

of State James Baker issued in-Pankin pledged Saturday that vitations to the conference fol-Moscow would work for an lowing talks in occupied Jerusalem on Friday.

Diplomats in Damascus said the Soviet and U.S. ambassadors to Syria handed Foreign Minister Farouq Al Sharaa invitations to the conference Saturday.

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak

Shamir said Friday he would recommend that the Jewish state should take part in the conference because he saw no alterna-

Diplomats expect Mr. Pankin to meet Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat who is on a fencemending visit to Syria ahead of the neace conference.

Officials said Mr. Pankin had earlier discussed arrangements for the peace conference and pilateral cooperation with Syrian Foreign Minister Farouq Al Shar-

Mr. Pankin praised Syria's support for the peace conference after he arrived in Damascus Kourieh quoted Mr. Assad as Friday and said Moscow would work hard to make it a success.

Peace conference stirs hopes, scepticism and indifference among Jordanian public

By Sana Atiyeh

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN - Jordanians

greeted the news that the Middle East peace conference will take place Oct. 30 with mixed reactions dominated by scepticism that the paricy will produce positive results for the Arab side and with cautious hope that the negotiations is a first step towards achieving national rights for the Palestinians.

Jordan Times Saturday, those who were against the peace conference appeared shocked and saddened that the peace conference had now become a reality after U.S. Secretary of State James Baker announced the date and place of the commencement of negotiations between the

Those who supported the

peace conference, however, were happy that the Arabs and Israelis would finally sit together at the negotiating table to settle the decades-old Arab-Israeli conflict, but described the conference as being imposed on the Arabs by the U.S., leaving them with no options. The supporters of the conference also urged the Arab negotiating teams to be forthcoming, strong, far-sighted and determined to achieve as much of their rights as possible during the negotiations.

Some of the supporters of the

American-Soviet-sponsored peace conference argued that going to the negotiations was important so that the Arab parties involved would prove to the international community that they wanted peace based on justice, and that if the talks failed, it gence not to give up anything for According to 27-year-old

Rawabi Najeh, an art designer, it is necessary for the Arabs to try to get what they want through peaceful negotiations and to fight out their rights with Israel. 'We have nothing further to

lose if we sat at the negotiating table," Ms. Najeh assertedi. The important thing is to sit at the table and negotiate with our own terms and conditions especially where the occupied territories are concerned - based on the cards we hold ... which all come from international resolu-

She was optimistic that the outcome of the conference would eventually achieve something for the Arab side Aref Zalatimo, a gynaecolog-

ist from a prominent. Jerusalem family, was optimistic that the negotiations would lead to some-

thing positive for the Arabs, but insisted that the conference was forced on the concerned parties. This conference is the only option we have from the U.S. empire, and we can't do anything about it," he said. But he also thought that the conference was a step to "at least stop the Israeli expansion that has continued in

"Today we have to be realistic and leave the hope for the future. But in the meantime, we have to get what we can," Zalatimo stressed, describing his reaction as "hopeful with re-

the last 40 to 50 years."

He argued, however, that there were indications that the U.S. had "lost interest in Israel." and that the superpower would try to be objective during its sponsorship of the conference. "But we don't know how much

(Continued on page 5)

والمجتوبة عندان

prime minister if rightists bolted from the cabinet. There will be no forgiveness for those who may cause this a state, we cannot be satisfied historic journey to fail," said a with just this, and we will find the joint statement of three left-wing ways to check this. Trust us."

Labour Party leader Shimon Peres said Saturday he was happy to see the Likud leading Israel to "I'd much rather see them

leading the country to the conference than hindering the process, he told army radio. Right-wing parties are expected to give grudging approval to the initial, ceremonial phase of

the conference. Several prominent hawks, in cluding Defence Minister Moshe Arens, are expected to support Mr. Shamir.

. Mr. Arens, like the prime minister, resisted the 1979 Camp David accord, which brought peace with Egypt, and opposes withdrawal from any occupied territory.

From Israel's standpoint, the primary pre-conference issue yet to be resolved is the list of Palestinian delegates.

Israel has demanded that no members of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) be incinded on the list, and that the Palestinians be residents of the occupied territories excluding East Jerusalem.

"Mr. Baker announced that he received a list of Palestinians who met, in general; the criteria we put forward," Mr. Shamir told reporters Friday. But we are the resentatives of

Egypt will be observer in Madrid

CAIRO (Agencies) — President Hosni Mubarak said Saturday the Egyptian delegation to this month's Middle East peace conference in Madrid will be no more than an observer.

The comment contradicts the previous Egyptian position that it will attend the conference as a participant. Egypt is the only Arab state tied by peace treaty to Israel and had been expected to act as a go-between for the Arabs and the Jewish state. But Mr. Mubarak, speaking to

reporters, would not say whether Egyptian delegates would intercede in or mediate bilateral Arab-Israeli talks 'expected after' the, "Egypt will join as an observer

in the conference," he said. "The presidents of the United States and the Soviet Union will attend, and we will send a delegation to attend only." Wesley Egan, the U.S. charge d'affaires in Cairo, and Soviet Ambassador Vladimir Polyakov

jointly met with Foreign Minister

Amr Musa Saturday and told

reporters afterward that they had

delivered to him the conference invitation. Saced Kamal, the Palestine Liberation Organisation's (PLO) Cairo representative, told reporters that PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat will visit Cairo next week to coordinate strategy on the Arabs and Israelis.

In random interviews with the

Turkish parties end election campaign; 2 killed in blasts

ANKARA (R) — Turkey's relatively little mudslinging. politicians made their final appeals to voters Saturday with noisy motorcades and rallies. Opinion polls predict that Sunday's vote will bring defeat for the Motherland Party after eight years in power.

A policeman and a guard were killed Friday night by a bomb at a papers, promising lower prices, Motherland Party district office zero unemployment, better proin Istanbul, where nine bombs have exploded in the past week.

But stepped-up violence by Kurdish and left-wing guerrillas has not kept the campagin from being seen as a success for Tur--Rish democracy.

It is the third general election since civilian rule was restored after a military coup in 1980 and the first in which no party has been banned from the contest on political grounds.

A pro-Kurdish party was barred on a technicality but is running anyway in the southeast in partnership with an opposition

Open displays of Kurdish nationalism have been common during electioneering in southeastern provinces under emergency rule because of a Kurdish guerrilla struggle for inde-

Elsewhere in Turkey, hot-air balloons, parachute displays and mass circumcisions have brought a carnival feeling to the eight-week campaign. Candidates tour flag-decked streets with music and slogans blaring from louds-

The polls predict victory for the centre-right True Path Party (DYP) of six-times Prime Minister Suleyman Demirel, but he may not win an overall majority

in the 450-seat parliament.

Motherland, founded by President Turgut Ozal and now led by Prime Minister Mesut Yilmaz, is lying third in most polls after the Social Democratic Populist Party (SHP) of Erdal Inonu.

Intricate electoral rules defy and easy correlation between the popular vote and seats won, making the result hard to predict. Newspapers said a coalitionseemed inevitable.

Motherland has presided over eight years of rapid growth in Turkey, but inflation, uneven wealth distribution and Mr. Ozal's own unpopularity have hurt its chances of winning a third

Politicians made last-minute appeals to voters with noisy motorcades and rallies Saturday at the climax of a campaign marked by wild promises but

"We have witnessed perfect maturity among political parties," wrote columnist Oktay Eksi in Hurriyet newspaper. "We have heard not one leader say a

hurtful word against another.' Parties bought double-page advertisements in Saturday newstection of human rights and economic development.

"Fifty per cent off all road and bridge tolls," promised DYP.
"It's my task to take Turkey into the next century as a developed country," declared Prime Minister Mesut Yilmaz.

An advertisement of the Islamic fundamentalist Welfare Party showed 12 people voicing distaste for the present system in secular but Muslim Turkey. "Let us all set up a 'just order' to live as human beings in a new world,"

the party said.

An SHP-paid double page showed Mr. Demirel, Mr. Ozal, former Prime Minister Yildirim Akbulut and Mesut Yilmaz as indentical dolls. "Turkey will break this vicious cycle," the caption read.

Television has come into its own, with debates between party leaders, slick advertising clips and use of satellite stations to evade normal restrictions on party political broadcasts.

A light aircraft used by Mothland to scatter leaflets over the southern city of Adana crashed on Saturday, killing two people, including the pilot, Anatolian news agency said.

Guerrillas of the underground

Dev-Sol (Revolutionary Left) group and the separatist Kurdish Workers party (PKK) have stepped up attacks in the run-up to the voting.

Dev-Sol claimed Thursday's

wounding of a Motherland candidate in the Western province of Bursa and the killings of five policeman and a retired general Istanbul last week. The PKK it carried out Thurs-

day's attack on an air force bus in Istanbul, in which five servicemen were wounded. It said the attack was in reprisal

for Turkish cross-border raids on its bases in northern Iran and week ago. Ankara launched those raids after a PKK border attack killed 11 Turkish troops.

Thirteen people — seven guer-rillas, three soldiers, a policeman, a village guard and a civilian — have died in clashes in the mainly Kurdish southeast since

Palestinians airlifted to U.S. after Gulf war trying to stay

WASHINGTON (AP) - Their plight is a legacy of the Gulf war. They are at least 500 Palestinians, among a group of 2,000 to 3,000 people airlifted out of Kuwait after Iraq's invasion and admitted to the United States.

They cannot go back to Kuwait and time is running out for them to stay here, the American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC) announced Thursday.

Immigration documents allowing them to remain in the United States expire Dec. 31. The families say U.S. immigratison officers have told them they will be subject to deportation at the end of the year.

And the government of Kuwait has told them it would not take them back, they add.

They were flown to this country as a humanitarian gesture because at least one family member is a U.S. citizen, in most instances a child.

"We are grateful to those United States officials who saved our lives" but "quiet simply, all of go," Dr. Iyad Al Shurafa, a physician and spokesman for the people, told a news conference. The number of Palestinians in-

volved is in dispute. There are about 500, says the U.S. immigration and Naturalisation Service (INS). But Dr. Shurafa says the number is over 2,000, when children are taken into account. INS says 2,200 people of various nationalities were airlifted out of Kuwait to the United States. The Anti-Discrimination Committee says the figure was 3,000.

The ADC has asked President George Bush to issue an executive order allowing the families to remain here for another four

That would allow most of them time to receive permanent resident status. The committee also wants Con-

gress to pass legislation granting them permanent resident status outright or allow them to remain in the United States on an ex-

Israeli Arabs mood mixed on peace talks

The Jerusalem Post

NAZARETH — Uncertainty mixed with hope appears to characterise the mood among Israeli Arabs in the run-up to the proposed regional peace conference, according to leading residents of this mixed Muslim-Christian city.

Feelings run the gamut from outright rejection of the U.S.brokered attempts to bring peace to the region, to grudging willingness and even optimistic forecasts that ultimately the Palestinian people will have a state of their

own alongside Israel. The optimism is based on the changes that have occurred in the region in the wake of the Gulf war and the world balance of

"I believe the door to peace has now been opened and nobody, not Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir nor his right-wing partners will be able to close it, said businessman Awad Abu Sini, a leading member of the Roman Catholic community.

"My optimism is based on the fact that the world wants peace in this region, and both America and the Soviet Union are pushing for this. A classic example was what happened to Iraq, which tried to ignore U.N. resolutions but was eventually forced to comply with them.

"I have actually begin to think, rather than dream, that the time will come when (as an Israeli citizen) I will be able to visit

neighbouring Arab countries." He maintained, however, that lasting peace would not be achieved unless there was international and, more important Israeli recognition of the right of Palestinians to self-

conflict." he said. Lutty Mashour, editor-in-chief of the mass circulation Arabic weekly Al Sennara said the mood among Israeli Arabs was mixed.

determination. "This is the mini-

mum that is required to end the

There were those who felt the Palestinians had made enough concessions and feared "another Camp David." Others thought the Americans were pushing Israel into a trap, while the majority believed that the Palestinians had little choice but to attend the conference.

Mashour said most Israeli Arabs and Palestinians had completely lost faith in the ability or desire of Arab countries and their leaders to help them.

"There is also the feeling that if the Palestinians don't enter the negotiations now. Arab countries would be happy not to represent them," he said.

The fundamentalist Islamic Movement, which has widespread support in the Triangle and to a lesser extent in Galilee, is the only body so far to have publicly opposed Palestinian participation in the peace conference for "religious and ideological"

Iranian rebels put up impressive show of might

ASHRAF CAMP, Iraq (R) — The husband and wife leaders of rebels fighting to overthrow Iran's Shiite Muslim government Friday reviewed the biggest parade of military muscle their National Liberation Army (NLA) has organised.

Massoud Rajavi, leader of the exiled Mujahedeen-e-Khalq movement, and his wife, Mariam, took the salute at a four-hour march-past of tanks, artillery and hardware they say they will soon use to overthrow the "Khomeini mullahs" in Tehran.

"I will answer all your ques-tions in my country," Mr. Rajavi told reporters after he and his wife laid a wreath at a cometery to 43 guerrillas killed in Iranian operations against the group's bases in Iraq in March and April during failed twin revolts against the Iraqi government.

Asked when that would be,

Mr. Rajavi replied only "sooner than you think" before driving off woman figure, Mujahedeen-e-Khalq Deputy Secretary-General Fahimeh Ervani, to the parade. The occasion was the second anniversary of the election to the

post of secretary-general of 38year-old Mariam, who is credited by her supporters with turning the five-year-old NLA from foot soldiers into a mechanised fighting force. "She has no military back-

ground, she has a degree in metallurgy, but she has trans-formed us," said Farzin Hashemi, from the movement's London At least 140 Chinese, Soviet

and British-made tanks as well as a score of heavy artillery pieces, dozens of armoured personnel carriers and batteries of Katyusha rocket launchers were driven past the reviewing stand at this base 50 kilometres from the Iranian bor-

Jeep-mounted rocket batteries are said to be Mariam's brainchild as are anti-aircraft guns mounted on armoured personnel

By the standards of resistance groups the world over, it was an impressive display of might. The

men - the NLA has no airforce -frogmen, flatbed trucks, repair vehicles, scores of commi tions jeeps and ambulances.

Spokesmen declined to say whether the NLA had put its entire army on display for the benefit of journalists in Irac to cover the Gulf war aftermath. "We have several bases and many men along the border," said one. Many tanks were driven by

women in drab olive fatigues and red headscarves, the uniform of a movement that says it counts on women for 30 per cent of its fighting force, which is estimated at up to 40,000. It believes that the participa-

tion of women will be a draw in Iran where, it says, women are repressed by the brand of Islam followed by President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani. The NLA, which is based in Iraq, is dedicated to the over-

throw of Mr. Rafsanjani's government which it says has betrayed the people by following the Islamic revolution of the late Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini. The mullahs have been facing a tremendous crisis in the country

for the past three months. The entire country has been the scene of protests, demonstrations and clashes between citizens and the regime," said Mohammad Mohadessin, head of the movement's foreign affairs depart-"This surge comes at a time

when the regime's economy is on the brink of bankruptcy with \$20 billion of foreign debt, \$150 billion in domestic debt, 50 per cent inflation and unemployment created entirely by the mullahs," he

The movement, which mixes Marxism and Islam, says it is fighting from rear bases in Iraq to form a provisional government followed by free and fair elec-

Iraq, which fought the 1980-88 war with Iran, formalised a peace agreement with Tehran in the early days of the Gulf crisis to free troops from its eastern borders for duty in the south.

Iraq appeals to UNESCO for end to U.N. sanctions

PARIS (Agencies) — Iraq appealed Friday for an end to the United Nations blockade on it, saying "imadreds of children are dying daily from lack of food and medicine."

Iragi Education Minister Ikmat Abdullah Al Bazaz spoke at the biennial general conference of the U.N. Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UN-Mr. Bazaz said that the Gulf

tion of Kuwait had destroyed schools, educational equipment, books, housing, and cultural "To satisfy the needs of five million Iraqi students is today an

war that ended the Iraqi occupa-

extremely complex affairs, creating a situation without equal in the world," he told assembled delegates from 163 countries. The United Nations has maintained a strict trade embargo on Iraq of force it to comply with

ceasefire resolutions requiring it to reveal and destory his weapons of mass destruction. The U.N. Security Council has allowed Bashdad to sell some oil to pay for food and medicine. Mr. Bazaz called the embargo

"an injust blockade imposed by the dominant powers in the world" and said it had caused the death of 150,000 Iraqi children. UNESCO's executive board last week prevented a proposed

Iraqi resolution condemning damage to cultural sites in the Gulf war from being up on the general conference agenda.

'Missing' Kuwaitis

Iraq and its Gulf war foes met in a special "repatriation commission" this week but failed to resolve the issue of 2,100 people listed by Kuwait as missing, the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) said Friday. the information on to Iraq.

in which Iraqi representatives met with delegates from Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, the United States Britain and France, was the sixth of a commission set up by the ICRC after the Gulf war.

But ICRC delegate Angelo Gnaedinger told reporters two problems remained when the meeting ended on Thursday the Kuwaiti list and Iraqi requests for information on their dead who could not be identified.

Kuwait last month gave the ICRC a list of 2,100 people it said were still missing, most of them believed to have been rounded up in the final days of the war in

According to Mr.Gnaedinger, Iran replied that it had no prisoners left, and it renewed requests for information on Iraqi soldiers killed during the war but not yet identified. He added: "It has not been

objectively estiablished how many died on the battlefield so no precise figure can be given on how many unidentified Iraqis there are.

Mr. Gnaedinger said the ICRC had taken care that political issues - such as reports that the U.S. broke the Geneva convention by burying Iraqi soldiers alive in their trenches by using tanks fitted with ploughshares did not interfere with the purely 'practical" discussions in

iraq last month asked the ICRC to pass on a request to the American government for more information on the killings.

Mr. Gnaedinger said the Americans responded to the request early this month by provided geographical locations inside Iraq where the operations took place. The ICRC had passed

Saudis and Islamic bodies boosting aid to Soviet Muslims

MECCA, Saudi Arabia (AP) — Spurred by a revival of Islam in the Soviet Union, Saudi Arabia and the world Muslim bodies it backs have shipped Korans, helped rebuild Soviet mosques or advanced money to Moscow. Now they want to expand their

"Muslims worldwide will extend a helping hand to uplift Soviet Muslims and further spread Islam in the Soviet Union," said Hatim Hassan Qazi of Mr. Qazi, an assistant secret-

ary-general for organisations and studies, said in an interview Tuesday that the league would sharply boost its help to Soviet Muslims, but gave no specifics... The league and another body, the Organisation of the Islamic Conference, (OIC), hope for a rejuvenation of faith among the

Soviet Union's Muslims, estimated to number between 60 million and 80 million. Both groups are based in Saudi Arabia, whose leadership is using its vast oil riches to help Muslims as well as advancing \$1.5 billion - two-thirds in cash and onethird in credit facilities - to help

the ailing Soviet economy. In addition Saudi Arabia and its conservative Gulf allies reportedly have pledged to advance another \$5 billion in cash and credit to the Soviets.

Mr. Qazi said the Mecca-based Muslim League's first steps to help Soviet Muslims included setting up brick factories in Muslim blics to provide materials for building and repair of mosques.

"This has saved a lot of money and effort because many of the historic mosques needed repair,"

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But his refusal to elaborate about future plans was indicative of continuing caution, possibly because of the unstable situation in the Soviet republics. The six republics that have sizeable Muslim populations have not declared independence, much

to the chagrin of commentators in the pro-government Sandi press. Diplomats said Saudi officials have quietly spread the message that they will not tolerate any. Soviet republics.

This contrasts with Iran's repeated public warnings against any Soviet crackdown on the repub

Iran's government is Shiite while Saudi Arabia's more cautions leadership is Sunni, and the two branches of the Muslim faith are rent by an ancient divide, although ties between Tehran and Moscow have improved recently. Soviet Muslims are a mixture of Sunni and Shiite.

In the neighbouring Red Sea port city of Jeddah, officials at the 45-member OIC said they did not exclude membership requests by Soviet Islamic republics.

The officials, speaking on condition they not be named, said some Soviet Muslim republics might attend the December Islamic summit in Dakar, Senegal, as full members, observers or

They also said OIC Secretary General Hamid Al Gabid will visit Albania this week to inspect condition of Muslims there as part of the organisation's opening towards East and Central

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

Polisario: Moroccan drive threatens poli

PARIS (R) — The Polisario Front, fighting for the independence of Western Sahara, accused Morocco Friday of launching a massive settlement drive that threatened Friday of launching a massive settlement drive that threatened a U.N. referendum on the future of the disputed territory. "The operation to settle Western Sahara has never been so massive and dangerous as since the United Nations moved into the territory. We have never seen such alarming proportions," Polisario spokesman Mohammad Sidari said. He said 35,000 Moroccans had been poured into the area and 170,000 more were expected for a visit by King Hassan on Nov. 6. It is a slap in the face for the United Nations and the international community. It shows a determination to violate the peace plan," Mr. Sidati told Reuters. "We demand the departure of all the settlers and we ask the Security Council to act to put an end to the king's new march. For us the referendum cannot take place under these conditions." Rabat and the Algerian-based Polisario have accused each other of violating a Sept. 6 U.N.-sponsored ceasefire due to lead to a referendum on the territory's status early next year. The United Nations wants the electorate to be based on a 1974 census by Spanish colonial authorities, which established a population of 74,000. Morocco, which took control of the territory after Spain withdrew in 1975, argues that 120,000 Saharans were on Moroccan soil at the time and should be allowed to vote. "Morocco wants to make the task of the identification commission impossible It is trying to justify a new march, a massive transfer of population to Western Sahara," Mr. Sadati said.

Sweden protests to PLO, Israel over killing

STOCKHOLM (R) - Sweden said Friday it had protested to Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) over the killing last month of a Swedish U.N. soldier in Lebanon. Sweden's Foreign Ministry said in a statement that it had separately contacted Israel's ambassador to Stockholm and the PLO representative to convey the protest. It added the United Nations in sentative to convey the protest. It added the United Nations in New York had given a corresponding protest. Sergeant Alf Kenneth Michael Fransson, a Swede serving in the United Nations Interim Force In Lebanon (UNIFIL), was killed on Sept. 13 during a Palestinian guerrilla raid in southern Lebanon. Sgt. Fransson, who had been taken hostage in a hut along with 11 other U.N. soldiers, was shot in a flurry of gunfare. The United Nations later said the gunfare was initiated by soldiers of the Israeli army and of the South Lebanese Army (SLA) who had surrounded the hut.

Saudi financier denied Argentine visa

BUENOS AIRES (AP) — The government rejected a request for a visa by Ghaith Pharaon, the Saudi financier implicated in the Bank of Credit and Commerce International (BCCI) scandal. a newspaper reported Friday. The interior ministry denied the visa after consulting with the presidency, La Nacion reported. Luxembourg-based BCCI, in which Mr. Pharaon owned a 15 per cent stake, was shut down last July by regulatory officials in England, the United States and other countries investigating charges it laundered drug money, trafficked in arms and bribed public officials. The Federal Reserve Board, in Washington has charged Mr. Pharaon fronted for BCCI in its illegal takeovers of four U.S. banks. The Fed has sought to ban Mr. Pharaon from involvement in the U.S. banking industry. Mr. Pharaon has denied the charges. The visa application was made at an Argentine embassy in a Middle Eastern country that was not identified. Mr. Pharaon is building a luxury hotel on downtown Buenos Aires, and co-owns a jojoba plantation in the northwest province of Salta on Argentina's border with Bolivia.

Police charity refuses Libya's donation

10

LONDON (AP) - A police charity decided Friday to refuse a gift of £250,000 (\$425,000) from Libya that came with a letter of regret for the killing of a policewoman by gunfire from the Libyan embassy in London seven years ago. The Police Dependents' Trust said it did not want to accept the offer because of Libya's "record of support for terrorist organisations," including the outlawed Irish Republican Army, "who have been responsible for the deaths of British police officers." It has applied to the charity commissioners for formal permission to turn down the gift. When Libya offered the donation in June it drew an angry response from many fronts. and the dead policewoman's mother called it "blood money" that 1984 by a man firing through a window of the Libyan embassy in St. James's Square. Eleven others were wounded. The British government severed relations with Libya.

Chad's coup leaders accused of Libya contacts

PARIS (R) — The leader of a failed coup in Chad had made unauthorised agreement with Libya, Chadian Foreign Minister Ahmad Soungui said in an interview published Friday. Interior Minister Maldoum Bada Abbas, arrested in the wake of last Sunday's failed coup in which at least 20 people were killed, signed a pact three weeks ago in Tripoli. He said it was a declaration of intent on an exchange of intelligence and a free flow of people between the countries. "I had to go to Tripoli myself to tell (Libyan leader) Muammar Qadhafi this declaration was null and void." Mr. Soungui told the French evening newspaper La Croix.

Greece offers cooperation on Cyprus

ATHENS (R) — Greece offered Friday to work with any Turkish government that emerges from Sunday's election in order to resolve the Cyprus issue, a target U.S. President George Bush has set for 1991. Prime Minister Constantine Mitsotakis told a special parliamentary session discussing foreign policy that his government was prepared to continue effors to reunite the divided island in a federation with any Turkish government. Cyprus's Greek and Turkish communities have been divided since 1974 when Turkey invaded and occupied the northern third of the island after a short-lived coup in Nicosia engineered by the military junta then ruling Greece. Mr. Bush said during a visit to the two NATO allies this summer that he would push for a solution on Cyprus within the

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18:15	L'ecole des fans
19:00	News in French
19:15	Carnet de notes
19:30	News in Hebrew
20.00	News in Arabic
	Golden Girls
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	News in English
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Dr. Dr.

Dr. Abdul Hameed Gharaibeh

Day Saints Tel. 823824, 654932.

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

A rise in temperatures will take place and some clouds will appear at medium and high altitudes. Winds will be light and variable changing in the afternoon to northwester! In Aqaba, winds will north

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Radio Jordan

	EMEKGENCIES
Rerday's high temperatures: Am- n 28, Aquba 33. Humidity readings:	
nman 41 per cent, Aqaba 25 per t.	Food Control Centre
SEFUL TELEPHONE	Civil Defence Immediate Rescue
NUMBERS	Civil Defence Emergency
NIGHT DUTY	Rescue Police 192, 621111, 63777 Fire Brigade
DMAN:	Highway Police 84340
Fakher Al Bilbeisi 625778	Traffic Police
Hussein Haddad 731267	Public Security Department
Mahammad Abbedi 778959	Hotel Complaints 60580
Adel Dabdoub 612177	Price Complaints 66117
s pharmacy 661912	Water and Sewerage
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AMMAN:
Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6
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Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26
Army, Marka 891611/15
Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50
Amal Hospital 674155
ZAROA:
Zarga Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarga National Hospital (09)900560
Zaroz National Hospital (09)900560

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Centrist candidate elected to Women's Federation presidency; 60 Islamists boycott polls

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — A high voter turnout, the election of a centrist candidate as president and the boycott of about 60 Islamist voters who did not register marked the Women's Federation elections Friday.

Out of a possible registered voter turnout of 426, 401 women crammed into the Jordanian Chamber of Industries Hall to cast their votes for federation president as well as the eight seats on the executive committee that were being

While the post of president went to centrist candidate Haifa Abu-Ghazaleh, known to have the support of former federation President Haifa Al

House of Parliament member has

voiced strong condemnation of

Israel's conviction of an old man

to life imprisonment after accus-

ing him of being behind resist-

ance activity against the Israeli occupation of Palestinian land.

Sheikh Ahmad Hassin, leader of

the Muslim movement Hamas, in

the past week is a flagrant viola-

tion of the Palestinian people's

rights in their own homeland and

a manifestation of Israel's con-

tinued human rights violations,

Sheikh Yassin was convicted by

a military court in Gaza last

Wednesday of manslaughter, in-

citement and heading an illegal

organisation. The man, confined

to a wheel chair since childhood,

was sentenced to life in prison for

manslaughter plus 15 years on

said Bassam Haddadin.

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The conviction of 56-year-old

Bashir, the "Unity Bloc" a coalition of independent, liberal and leftist women, won a sweeping victory by taking all eight seats on the executive

The race for the post of president hinged on a bloc of thirty votes, reportedly controlled by the Jordanian Communist Party. The bloc of thirty apparently voted for Ms. Abu-Ghazaleh, who received a total of 205 votes, according to federation observers.

The candidate of the Unity Bloc, Rabab Nabulsi, received 174 while a third candidate, Leila Abu Nab, received 4 votes. Seventeen blank ballots were cast in the presidential

While the ladies that lost showed no hard feelings, it was

Parliament member condemns

Israeli conviction of Hamas leader

Sheikh Yassin's disability and

sickness were sufficient justifica-

tion for the Israeli court to com-

mune the sentence, and their

refusal to do so is a clear indica-

tion of the inhuman nature of the

Israelis and their disregard of

human rights, Mr. Haddadin

He asked: "What would have

been the case had the convicted

been an Israeli in another part of

Sheikh Yassin had set a heroic

example of steadfastness and de-

fiance of Israeli arrogance, pro-

ving the Palestinian people's re-

solve to confront and to resist the

presence of Israeli troops in Arab

The deputy appealed to human

rights organisations and Amnesty

International to interfere and en-

sure a retrial of Sheikh Yassin at

the hands of honest judges from

European countries in the pre-

lands, Mr. Haddadin said.

evident that the race for president was a close one in that the bloc vote was expected to go to Ms. Nabulsi.

The Unity Bloc which Ms. Nabulsi represents has at least one communist in its coalition, which won the 8 remaining seats on the 17-seat executive committee. The other 8 seats on the committee go to the president of each governorate in the Kingdom. The president of the federation automatically assumes a seat on the executive

The committee is composed for the first time in the federation's history by a group of semi-politicised women that hope to catapult qualified females in the Kingdom into the public and political arena.

sence of human rights officials so

that the old man's rights can be

safeguarded.

Meanwhile, in statements pub-

lished in the Paris-based Middle

East magazine, Sheikh Yassin voiced his group's rejection of the

Palestine National Council

(PNC) decision to take part in the

peace conference. The decision

does not meet the requirements

and the aspirations of the Palesti-

nian people, he said. Sheikh Yas-sin expressed his belief that Israel

would not give up one inch of the

Sheikh Yassin denied that

Hamas was executing Palestinian

collaborators with Israel without

proper trial. He said that Hamas

has executed only a handful of people who had admitted to com-

mitting their crimes and were

sentenced after due trial in

accordance with the teachings of

occupied lands.

said one of the new members of the executive committee.

The boycott of the Islamist women in the federation marked what seemed to be the beginning of yet another round of deliberations on the legality of election procedures.

Spokeswoman for the Islamist group Lutfieh Zmeili said that women associated with her group had contacted lawyers to prove that the voting procedures used in Friday's elections were contrary to the federation's constitution.

The Islamist group, she said, would not participate in federation elections until they considered them legal.

The group is closely associ-ated with Muslim Brotherhood in Jordan.

Control of environmental pollution to be discussed

KARAK (Petra) - A two-day seminar on control of environmental pollution will start Mon-

day at Muta University.
The seminar, which is organised by the university in cooperation with the Higher Council for Science and Technology, will discuss 20 working papers presented by environmental experts and specialists.

The papers will deal with the pollution of air, water and oil, gas, liquid and solid polluters. spreading environmental awareness in Jordan, environmental laws and legislations, desertification, industrial pollution, the effects of insecticides on soil and water and ways of controlling

Seminar on food pricing and effects on economy begins

AMMAN (Petra) — Delegates from nine Arab countries and representatives of various regional organisations affiliated to agricultural and food production sectors Saturday opened a six-day meeting in Amman to discuss pricing policies of food commod-ities and their effects on marking.

Delegates to the conference, organised by the U.N Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO), will review working papes dealing with government policies in the production and distribution of food commodities and other policies related to subsidising prices

Addressing the opening session was Agriculture Minister Subhi Al Qasem, who called on countries of the region to step up cooperation in agricultural development fields to promote food production and meet the growing needs of the population.

Technical cooperation among countries of the region is of paramount importance in view of the similarity of their agricultural products, said the minister. Mr. Qasem thanked FAO for organising the seminar which, he said, has its influence in ensuring the success of organisations market-

ing food commodities.

The question of pricing plays a major and vital role in countries economies since it is closely linked to world economic changes, he

Jordan, like most other countries of the region, suffers from insufficient food production to meet the needs of its people, the minister pointed out. He said that although the Kingdom has had some success in attaining selfsufficiency in the production of vegetables, fruits and poultry meat, it is far from reaching the aspired levels, especially in the production of wheat and red

He said lack of water remains the major problem facing the agricultural sector in Jordan.

Prime minister opens exhibition of handicapped children's work

Prime Minister Taher Masri looks over items on display at a general exhibit of handicapped

Calls for creation of jobs for disabled

AMMAN (J.T.) — Prime Minister Taher Masri Saturday opened a general exhibition of various items by the handicapped children receiving care and rehabilitation services by Vocational Training Centres run by the Ministry of Social Development and voluntary associations in the

Minister of Social Development Awni Al Bashir told the Jordan News Agency, Petra, that the exhibition marks the first of a series of displays which will be organised in the near future in various regions.

handicapped people, the ministry the King Abdullah Park in Am-

hopes to help the less fortunate man are a number of crafts. citizens of this country to market including embroideries, traditiontheir products and contribute to al costumes, tricot, furniture, garsociety, the minister said. It is ments, paintings and photohoped that the exhibition will help the handicapped children urban, rural and badia regions.

Ministry of Social Development Assistant Secretary General Faisal Bashabsheh reviewed the ministry's efforts to promote the work and the efforts of its centres and said that the exhibition was one form of solidarity with handicapped people.

On display for seven days, at

Ministry taking steps to address

Ministry officials said that the market their products in the exhibition was designed to attract as many Jordanian visitors as possible to buy the items and open the way for the creation of more jobs for the unemployed.

Present with the prime minister at the opening ceremony were the ministers of interior and awqaf and Islamic affairs, the Amman governor, a number of parliament members and officials in addition to an audience of invited

Ex-U.S. soldiers to seek end to American aid to Israel

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Eight former members of the American Armed Forces, who quit the military during and after the Vietnam war for reasons of conscience, left Amman on Friday for the United States to begin intense campaigns in favour of the Palestinians and

The group, calling itself the 1991 Veteran's Delegation to the Middle Fost, is not affiliated with any political party or ideology. They spent 10 days in the West Bank and 12 days in

Because the United States is involved in the Palestinian-Israeli issue, "We felt it is our duty to go there to understand and see what was necessary in terms of medical aid and amputees in particular because two of the team's members are amputees," said Bill Kelsey, who quit the military after the Vietnam War.

Since the outbreak of the Gulf crisis, peace and fact finding missions heading for Iraq and the Israeli occupied territories via Jordan have not been an unfamiliar sight to the pub-

of confusion among the peace movement. There is a feeling of failure," Mr. Kelsey said. Elaborating, he added that questions are being raised as to the effectiveness of these mis-

need to understand and it is really apalling that the level of ignorance among the American public is high. People really do not know what is going on in this region," he said.

the two countries to find out what we could do (for them in the U.S.) and what position we

The group will be talking to their fellow citizens and community leaders in the United group are well known, according to Mr. Kelsey, and will be taken seriously in the peace

"Our guidance will be taken seriously," he said.

In the case of the Palestinian-Israeli problem, the group would like to see all aid to Israel cut off. "Not aid made to Israel on condition of certain behaviour, rather, the whole notion of aid to (Israel) has to be looked at," Mr.

Kelsey told the Jordan Times. One tenth of one per cent of the world's population receives as much aid from the United States as the remaining of the 99.9 per cent of the world's population, he said.

"Let us say that (even if) Israel was the most perfect country in the world, there is still something wrong with the ratio," Mr. Kelsey said. "So all of us are calling for real thorough, profound reassessment of the U.S.-Israeli rela-

According to the U.S.-based Arab-American Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC), U.S. aid to Israel totalled at least \$4.8 billion in fiscal year 1989 and over \$5

billion in fiscal year 1990. "The House Foreign Affairs Committee's most recent report estimates U.S. aid to Israel for fiscal year 1991 at over 5.6 billion," the ADC

In the case of Iraq, the group will call for a lifting of sanctions. The group believes that whatever problems there are between the American and the Iraqi leadership, people should not be punished for it.

"That is the message the Iraqi people gave us. They would say: Whatever problems you Americans have with the leadership, he is not the one being harmed by the sanctions. It is the people. Do not punish us for it."

The group visited Baghdad, Karballa, Najaf, Basra, Saf-wan, Baltilan and Hilla. One vivid memory stuck to

Mr. Kelsey's mind when the group visited the United Nations zone in Safwan at the Kuwait-Iraqi border.

He described how when the group entered the U.N. hospital there, they saw men being brought in from the desert with their hands and feet blown off.

"Apparently, Iraq is paying money for people to go to the desert and search for land mines. The unemployed Iraqis are the ones who go to the desert," Mr. Kelsey said. This began about one month

ago, he added. During a three week period about 100 casualties were brought in to the Norwegian Hospital, an average of five or six a day.
"One of the men who was

brought in, had scars on his throat from the Iran-Iraq war. His hands were mangled from a previous injury, his chest was full of scars of a dozen bullets. One of his legs was scarred and mangled from a terrible injury," be said.
"Now he had his feet blown

off because of the land mines." Mr. Kelsey continued. "That was symbolic to me"

Organisations working to increase tourism traffic at Dana Wildlife Preserve

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordan Cooperative Organisation (JCO), in cooperation with the Royal Society for the Conservation of Nature (RSCN), has carried out a pilot project within the Tafileh Governorate at the Dana Wildlife Preserve designed to develop the region touristically and economically.

JCO Director General Jamal Al Bedour said that the two institutions, backed by the efforts of a number of government. ministries and local groups, drew up plans for the project and has embarked on its implementation.

At present, the concerned parties are implementing the infrastructure for the project and conducting restoration on old homes in the region of Dana to be transformed into museums, restaurants and camping sites for tourists, Mr. Al Bedour said. He said that their work involves creating the opportune climate for amateur painters who could conduct their work in the open

To encourage tourism, the JCO and its partners to the project have encouraged the use of hourses for the benefit of tourists to help them roam the area, Mr. Al Bedour added.

In fact, the JCO invited an international expert in the mannfacture of precious stones to help in the process of utilising the available raw materials ground in the Dana area like granite and carnalite in the manufacture of the stones, he said. This project, he added, is being implemented in conjunction with the International Union for the Conservation of Nature (IUCN). The international expert has

facture of the precious stones and training of local craftsmen in the Dana region in the same skill.

Mr. Bedour said a society has been set up to supervise the arious activities at the reserve which entail the exploitation of the raw materials, creating jobs for the unemployed and ensuring steady income for the local inhabitants living in one of poorest regions of the Kingdom and under the poverty line.

The JCO has adopted a new policy of concentrating efforts to stimulate the work of productive cooperatives rather than helping the consumer cooperative societies, said Mr. Al Bedour. He said that the JCO's activities are mostly in the economic, agricultural, industrial and touristic sectors helping to train people to earn a living and strengthening the fabric of the local community through, cooperation for produc-

Mr. Al Bedoor said that the JCO is now offering assistance to rural societies, including women groups, wanting to increase production and those involved in traditional crafts in cooperation with the ministries of planning and tourism, the Noor Al Hussein Foundation, the Queen Alia Social Welfare Fund, the Vocational Training Corporation, the Tourist Investment Corporation and RSCN

Dana Reserve encompasses 150 square kilometres ranging from wooded mountains in the northern sector to a lesser scrub steppe in the south. The Ministry of Agriculture and the RSCN are jointly helping the area to preserve vegetation and increase the number of trees.

higher education needs in Kingdom reasons lie behind a decision

taken by the Ministry of Higher Education to offer licences to new private universities and community colleges to open in the of Higher Education officials.

The decisions, they said, was reached after careful study of the educational situation in the country, the Kingdom's requirements of trained manpower and the ever growing demand for higher

The ministry's statistics show that 40 per cent of the total number of Jordanian students (nearly 36,000 students) were studying at 47 universities in foreign countries during the academic year 1985-86, the officials said. In the 1987-88 academic year, they said, there were more than 36,000 students studying in 45 foreign universities and the number in the following year was more than 33,500 students stud-

ing in 40 foreign universities.

The decision to allow new private universities to open came as a realisation of the fact that the Kingdom was losing vast sums of hard currency each year at a time when the schools were turning out increasing numbers of stu-dents, most of whom demanded higher education, the officials said. They added that the new private universities are expected to introduce some new disciplines to higher education in Jordan by trying to meet the needs of the local and Arab

labour markets. Furthermore, the construction of private universities in Jordan and the running of these institutions were bound to absorb further numbers of Jordanians and

ployed people, many of whom are university-trained.

The officials said that the four vear while the number of school graduates exceeds the 60,000 fi-

Higher Education, five private lege.

already taken steps to open or have already opened their doors for the new academic 1991-1992 government-run universities have year. The universities are Ama limited absorption capacity not man Private University, the Apa Science University, Phi ladelphia, University, Al Israa University, the Jordanian Unigure every summer. versity for Girls in addition to a According to the Ministry of Prince Sumaya University Colversity for Girls in addition to a



Ministry of Public Works & Housing **Government Tenders Directorate** Invitation To Tender No. (141/91) For Drilling water wells in Azraq Basin - Jordan

Contractors specialised in water wells drilling who are interested in participating in this tender are requested to contact the Government Tender Directorate at the Ministry of Public Works & Housing, Amman, Jordan, to receive tender documents starting from 20/10/1991 and in accordance with the following terms: 1. Participation and Origin

Participation is open on equal terms to all natural persons and companies or firms that are nationals of the member states of the European Economic Community or of the Hashemite Kingdom of

2. Project Description

The work involves the supply of all labour, tools, facilities. material, equipment and apparatus for drilling and logging & testing eight water wells of depth ranging from 800 to 1000 metres distributed in the Azraq Water Basin.

3. Contractors participating are requested to submit proof of performing similar tasks in Jordan or elsewhere and also to submit previous experience, C.V. of his technical staff and list of his equipment in addition to other requirements listed in the

4. The price of the tender documents is JD 200, non-refundable. 5. The project is totally financed by the EEC grant No. 6. Tenders including any conditions or reservations contrary to

those in the contract will be neglected.

7.Last date for sale of documents is on 10/11/1991. 8. Tenders are to be handed to the Government Tenders Directorate, Amman, Jordan, not later than Monday of 18

November 1991 before 1:30 p.m. 9. Any enquiry or questions regarding this tender may be

General Director

Governments Tenders Directorate Fax No.: 684759

P.O. Box 1220 Amman, Jordan

Chief of the Central Tenders Committee General Director of the Government **Tenders Directorate** Eng. Basheer Al-Jhagbeer

Exhibition depicts effects of Gulf war on artist

AMMAN (J.T.) — An exhibition of paintings by Iraqi artist Sina Ata opened Saturday at the Royal Cultural Centre.

The exhibition, which runs through Oct. 28, is characterised by abstract expressionism which depicts the artist's impressions in the periods before. during and after the Gulf war.

Mr. Ata, who is originally a civil engineer, held several exhibitions in Baghdad and participated in many other group exhibitions. His works show a variation of styles influenced by the Gulf war, turning from vivid colours before the war to greyish blacks and browns

afterwards.

Arab critic Jabra Ibrahim Jabra said of the artist: "One isdelighted and disturbed at seeing Sina Ata'a paintings... this is the painting of paradox, intense and puzzling. Hence, its remarkable quality which demands our closer scrutiny."

The exhibition is organised by Al Hayat International Trading Group, which has recently started attracting artists to exhibit in Amman.

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

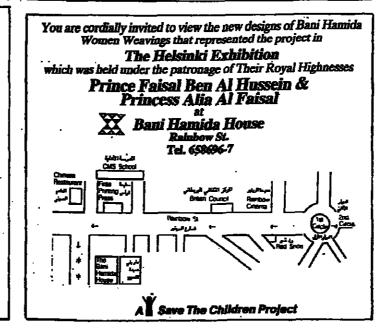
Art exhibition by Abdul Rauf Shamoun, Khalid Khreis and Mohammad Hussein Abdullah at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation Gallery (Open 10 a.m. till 5 p.m.)

☆ Art exhibition by Iraqi artists Ismael Khayyat, Mohammad Abdeliah, Khater Mohamund, Ali Mandalawi, Khalid Wahl and Himat Ali at Baladna Art Gallery (located at the beginning of Gardens Street from Safeway).

★ Exhibition of paintings by Jordanian artist Mohammad Al Jaloos at the French Cultural Centre.

 \star Art exhibition by Fadwa Jakal Nabulsi at the British Council. \star Art exhibition by Iraqi artist Sina Ata at the Royal Cultural

* Feature film entitled "Meet John Doe" at the American Centre — 7 p.m.



Jordan Times

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Soviet cards to play

SOVIET FOREIGN Minister Boris Pankin arrives here on a short visit today against a backdrop of considerable Jordanian and Arab scepticism about Moscow's role in the upcoming peace conference. Rightly so, we think, public nion is generally apprehensive about the influence the Soviet Union could have over the course of peace negotiations, especially in light of the weakening status of the USSR in the international arena and Moscow's quick restoration of diplomatic ties with Israel as well as the continued flow of Soviet Jewish emigrants into Palestine. In fact, it is not uncommon to hear questions by laymen in the Arab World asking "what could the Soviet Union do?" to help implement U.N. resolutions 242 and 338 when all Moscow appears capable of doing is play second fiddle to the Americans in co-chairing the Madrid conference and to put pressure on Syria and the PLO in order to ensure their participation in the conference and leave it at that.

There are no easy answers to give to our own people on the questions they have for and about the Soviet Union and its role. But there are several things that can be said in defence of our Soviet friends and their role in the uncoming negotiations, not least of which is the special relationsh that Moscow has had with much of the Arab World and which continues to this very day. The Soviet Union might indeed be playing second fiddle to the Americans vis-a-vis the conference, and to Israel by virtue of allowing Soviet Jews to emigrate en masse and restoring diplomatic ties without achieving real progress in peace talks. But this should not mean that the USSR has lost all the cards it could play in support of just Arab demands and rights and that Moscow will not take a position different from the U.S.' or Israel's in the negotiations.

For one thing, and despite all the recent changes inside the Soviet Union, Moscow recognises fully the PLO and Palestinian national rights and insists on full implementation of U.N. resolutions calling on Israel to withdraw from all occupied Arab territories. Furthermore, Israel and the U.S. should give careful consideration - and they do - to what Moscow thinks about and wants from the peace process, since the Americans but especially the Israelis have at stake a whole gamut of regional factors and bilateral relations to take into account in dealing with the Soviets ranging from the issue of Jewish migration to commercial borders that might be agreed upon between the Arabs and

Jordan, which has had a consistently friendly and fruitful relationship with the Soviet Union over the years, should understand and not underestimate the great difficulties our Soviet friends face at home. But none of us should ignore the importance of the cards Moscow still holds in the Middle East. We should take the opportunity of Mr. Pankin's visit to our country to further strengthen our partnership in the quest for just and lasting peace. Our common objectives can best be served by continued understanding of where each of us stands and by respecting our mutual interests and

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL RA'I Arabic daily Saturday referred to the official announcement on the convening of a peace conference in Madrid and said that Israel's unwillingness to reach peace with the Arabs on the basis of U.N. Security Council resolutions was manifest in Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's statement that the Israeli participation was a risk to the Jewish state. It is clear that Israel considers orientation towards peace as a matter forced on it by the superpowers because the Israeli leaders believe that they should not be giving up any part of the occupied Arab territories, said the paper. But it should be noted that the statements of the Soviet and American foreign ministers about their countries' views with regard to the Israeli settlement programme were somewhat reassuring, the paper added. It said that Mr. Baker's reaffirmation that such settlements constitute an obstacle to peace means that Israel is responsible for any obstacles to the peace process. This could mean that Washington, under the circumstances, might resort to announcing further delays in granting housing loan guarantees to the Jewish state until the negotiations with the Arabs are over, said the paper. It said that this could be a very positive step on the part of the American administration because it would prompt Israel to take serious steps to reach a peace settlement with its neighbours and grants the Palestinians their lawful rights. The paper said that the Arabs are going to the peace conference with a genuine desire for peace, but it should be noted that it is up to the superpowers to see to it that Israel's obstacles would not hinder the peace process.

Al Dustour said that the superpower invitations, to the parties involved in the Middle East problems, to attend the Middle East peace conference marked a new step forward towards the achievement of a lasting settlement in the region. The paper said that the ball is now in the Israeli court and it has to decide at as cabinet meeting Sunday whether to attend the conference or not. It is, however, worrying to the Arabs that Israel has obtained what it has been demanding with regard to the restoration of diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union and received assurances from the American administration similar to those given to the Arabs, said the paper. It said that it is not a matter of attending the conference, but what the Arabs are anxious to see is whether the Israelis will carry out the U.N. Security Council resolutions and exchange land for peace. The paper said that the U.S. diplomacy is now needed more than at any time in the past to pave the way for successful negotiations leading to a lasting and

Sunday's Economic Pulse

Turkish water conference and peace pipeline

TURKEY issued invitations to several Middle Eastern countries and the United States to attend a conference, over water resources in the Middle East, to be convened next month. It is likely that the conference will be postponed because Syria threatened not to participate if Israel is invited while the United States announced that it will boycott the conference unless Israel

The Turkish-sponsored conference is meant to promote the idea of regional cooperation over water, so that Israel will become a legitimate partner in the ownership and management of water in the whole region. Turkey's aim is to market water, as an export commodity, through a pipeline that will carry the water of Sihoun and Jehoun rivers, in south east Turkey, to Saudi Arabia, via Syria and Jordan, provided Sandi Arabia will underwrite the costs of building the pipeline and its operation. The pipeline will benefit Jordan and Israel besides Saudi Arabia (Syria is not interested). This may entail some kind of cooperation and coordination with Israel before the Palestinian question is resolved and a lasting peace is achieved.

American think tanks and institutions of strategic studies, some of them are offshoots of the Israeli lobby, showered us recently with studies and reports warning that the Middle East will be plagued in the coming decade by bloody wars over water. The purpose is to suggest that lack of stability in the Middle East is not caused by the protracted Israeli occupation of Arab lands, nor by, the Western zeal to control Arab oil; it is rather caused by the imminent water crisis, or the time bomb about to explode.

In this respect, Dr. Joyce Star, who used to work for the Israeli lobby (AIPAC) before she was transformed, somehow, into a researcher specialising in the problem of water in the Middle East, thus enjoying the appearance of scientific objectivity and honesty to mask her service to the Israeli designs, was very

The Turkish-Arab relations were always troubled by mutual suspicions. Turkey can demonstrate its goodwill towards its Arab neighbours by concluding a treaty with both Syria and Iraq to fairly divide the water of Euphrates and Tigris among the three countries before trying to solve the water crisis in the Arab

As far as we in Jordan are concerned, the water crisis has already become acute. All surface water resources are on the borders. In each case Jordan was deprived of its fair share of both River Jordan or Yarmouk River water, due to the Israeli

selfishness and power politics.

entails any form of cooperation with Israel before reaching a peaceful solution to the Palestinian question, and against dependency on an external source of water which can be interrupted at any time in the future for any reason, thus placing Jordan at the mercy of the source and transiting countries, we have to admit our bad need of new sources of water for civilian, industrial and irrigation purposes. The Turkish peace pipeline would of course be able to alleviate Jordan's water crisis if it made available some 500 million cubic metres of water at a reasonable price.

In spite of our reservations against any regional project that

Caught between political reservations on the one hand and economic necessities on the other, we have to evaluate the Turkish peace pipeline project carefully, and weight the economic benefits against the political and security risks. Jordan needs to reach a definite position towards the project, within the framework of a unified Arab position. This calls for immediate inter-Arab coordination. The secretary general of the Arab League called for such Arab coordination on water. It is not known why the secretary general did not follow up on his own idea, and has not yet called for an Arab coordination meeting to precede the questionable Turkish conference.

Arabs have few bargaining chips in peace talks

The Associated Press

NICOSIA - The Arabs go to the Middle East peace talks with Israel, their foe for the last halfcentury, with few bargaining chips and in as much disarray as they met the Jewish challenge in 1948.

U.S. Secretary of State James Baker's announcement in Jerusalem that the peace conference will be convened in Madrid Oct. 30 caused little outward excitement in Arab capitals.

Still, it will be the first multiparty meeting between Arab and Jew in nearly 20 years.
In light of America's emerg-

ence as the only superpower in a world much changed since 1948, there is a hope that the 43-yearold Arab-Israeli conflict may now be resolved — even though old hatreds may not vanish overnight. Obstacles remain.

The Arabs want the return of all Arab land occupied by the Israelis since their sweeping vic-

By David Schlesinger

PEKING - The break-up of the

Soviet Union has forced Peking's

ageing leaders once again to con-

front one of their worst night-

mares — Taiwan independence.
Their reaction to once-

forbidden talk of independence

for the island becoming a legiti-

mate political issue has been a

mixture of anger and ignorance,

"China: just doesn't under-

They see the nationalists get-

stand! the situation on Taiwan,

how things have changed so radi-cally," a Western diplomat said.

ting soft on independence, they

see the Baltics going independent

and they see increased calls for independence in Taiwan. They

know their own time is running

out for reunification so they have

Peking's communists and the

nationalists who fled to Taiwan in

1949 when they lost China's civil

war used to agree on only one

thing — that the island was part

to lash out."

diplomats and analysts said.

the West Bank seized from Jordan, Egypt's Gaza Strip, Syria's Golan Heights as well as a buffer zone in South Lebanon held since

But the Israelis have been adamant that they do not intend to exchange land for peace. For many Israelis, the lands captured in 1967 extended Israel's borders to give the Jewish

state strategic depth for the first time since it was founded. They believe that giving up these lands, increasingly populated by Jewish settlers, is politic-

al and military suicide.

But in recent years, almost imperceptibly, most Arab leaders have accepted that the state of Israel is now a reality with which they must live.

Éven the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), among the most intractable of Israel's enemies, is now prepared to accept half a loaf rather than none - an independent homeland in the West Bank and Gaza. Whether opposed the creation of a Palesti-

of China and would one day be

To say otherwise was a crime.

Since Taiwan's government

The challenge to the old order

reached a climax on Sunday when

Taiwan's main opposition party

voted to include a motion calling for an independent republic of

Taiwan in the party manifesto.
This threw the ruling National-

ist Party into a quandary and

infuriated Peking's communists.

For Peking's rulers, the thre-

atening new angle to Taiwanese

politics comes at a time when

they are feeling isolated and vulnerable after the collapse of

communist rule in the Soviet Un-

The octogenarians who still

dream of a China reunited with.

Taiwan know they have few years

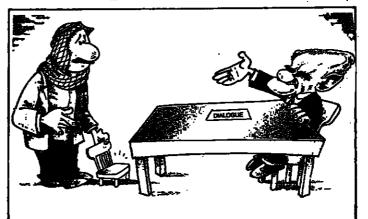
They have reacted to the new

threats and their harshest rhetoric

left to achieve their goal.

reunited with the mainland.

formed.



M. KAHIL

China's harsh words to Taiwan

show fear of changing world

lifted martial law in 1987 and Taiwan in an article in the over-

encouraged more democracy, the seas edition of outlook maga-political climate has been trans-

they get it is open to question. To secure Israel's participation in the peace talks, the Americans had to make some major concession to the Jewish state that, on the face of it, leave little room for

The United States said it

China reminded the world it

had not given up the threat to use

force against an independent

"Those who play with fire will be burned to ashes," China's

President Yang Shangkun said

Other spokesmen warned inde-

China has demanded the

pendence activists to "wake up

and rein in at the brink of the

Nationalists crack down on the

opposition. But Taiwan's govern-

ment has little room to man-

ocuvre in the new, more demo-

cratic atmosphere, analysts said.

Nationalists. They risk straining

uneasy relations with the main-

land if they do not penalise the

(opposition), but anything more

than a slap on the hand would

fuel domestic political tensions."

said Taiwan law Professor Hsu

"This is a hot potato for the

press on Wednesday.

last week.

precipice."

independence challenge with threats and their harshest rhetoric Harsh action "would be seen as pendence."

nian state on Israel's borders and has grudgingly turned a blind eye to the Jewish settlements still springing up in the occupied lands estinian uprising that erupted in December 1987 loses

Analyst William Quandt of Washington's Brookings Institu-

backfire on the Nationalists in the

elections. The harder the

Nationalists crack down on inde-

pendence, the worse they'll do in

On Dec. 21, Taiwan is to hold

All ageing National Assembly members elected in China before

the Nationalists' 1949 defeat will

finally retire, to be replaced by

delegates elected or appointed on

China's leaders simply do not

understand Taiwan's democratic

They too have few options,

Military action would be in-

stantly condemned in the West.

where Peking's reputation is only

just recovering from the 1989 army killings of pro-democracy

Residents of both China and

Taiwan fear a government that

ordered troops to fire on its own

people in the streets of Peking

might well follow through on

threats against Taiwanese inde-

the polls," he said.

an historic election.

process, analysts said.

analysts said.

States forces or persuades the territory in bitter fighting. Shamir government to stop buildprogress towards a peace agree- tion of Palestinian refugeer

With Soviet Jews flooding into the country at a rate of 10,000 20,000 a month — some 200,000 arrived in 1989 alone - Israel is faced with a major challenge in absorbing them and surrendering the occupied territories could crimp that strategic objective.

Mr. Quandt said "Israel holds the best cards " including the occupied land and military super- refused to attend. Egypt, Jordan

The Arabs have little with which to counter that, particular- served to underline their enunty. ly since Iraq's defeat in the Gulf-The conference adjourned after war stripped them of a major one day and never reconvened.

military asset. emerging in 1948 because they lacked an overall strategy and hemselves.

atedly exploited.

Israel accepted a United Nations recommendation partitioning Palestine into Arab and Jew-ish states in 1948. But the Arabs

in 1948, they would have had

Once the British withdrew after terms of surrender to the vana 26-year League of Nations man-quished," he said.

Talks held in 1949 in Lausanne, ing settlements in the occupied Switzerland, under U.N. auspices West Bank, "there will be no real collapsed, mainly over the ques-

> The Arabs wanted Israel to take back all 700,000 Palestinians who had fied or were forced out in the war. The Israelis, fearful of being swamped by Arabs, balked

After the 1973 war, when Egypt and Syria initially had the Israelis on the run, the United Nations sponsored another round of peace talks in Geneva.

Syria, the rejectionist radical, and Israel did. But they made opening statements that only

When the late President Anwar The Arabs failed to prevent the Sadat made peace with Israel in birth of the infant Jewish state 1979, Egypt was ostracised by the Arab World. It took more than a decade for his moderate succeswere constantly quarelling among sor, Hosni Mubarak, to over-

This underlying weakness has been at the root of their defeats in University, California, lamented Khalil Barhoum of Stanford every other Arab-Israeli war in a recent paper that with lraq's since, and one Israel has repe-Gulf war defeat and the collapse of the Soviet Union, Arab bargaining power has seriously de-

"Observing all the preconditions Israel has placed recently on the Arabs — with full U.S. back-It's ironic that had the Palestinians accepted what was offered the bilateral, face-to-face negotiations with them, one is left with more land than they're asking for the abiding impression of a victorious party merely dictating its

zd aı

Baker scores a triumph, but now the real problems begin

By Marcus Eliason The Associated Press

JERUSALEM — Now that the Yitzhak Shamir, is "absolutely Middle East peace conference is negative and doesn't promise sucon track, the real problems begin. Secretary of State James Baker

attend the conference, set to tories, or who belong to the open Oct. 30 in Madrid, Spain. Palestine Liberation Organisa-The gathering is to be a two-day ceremonial affair at which

U.S.-Soviet auspices. dle East, spending hours in pain-collapse. staking discussions with the key Palestinians, plus side trips to Egypt, Jordan and the Gulf.

But the conference will be meaningless unless it gets to grips with what is really at stake here: the Arabs' demand to get back land they lost to Israel in the 1967 sincere acceptance of the Jewish

the other.

Focusing on the land, the later. Arabs are bound to make an Gaza Strip.

30 in Magno, but what conference must ing land.

"Old suspicions won't dismultilateral talks at which region- overcome,

Already there have been some signs of trouble ahead. Syria announced this week that it will not attend the multilateral

talks. That, says Prime Minister

The Palestinian issue could also sewed up the details that enabled be problematic. Israel has vowed him to announce invitations Fri- not to sit with Palestinians who day to the Arabs and Israelis to do not live in the occupied terri-

The Palestinians gave Mr. Bak-Israel, the Arab states and the er a list of their delegates Friday, Palestinians will sit under joint but forbade him to show it to the Israelis. If Palestinians who are Just to get this far has taken not to Israel's liking show up at Mr. Baker eight trips to the Mid-the conference, the talks could

Then there are the settlements. players, Israel, Syria and the Asked what would happen if the Arabs demanded a freeze on building, Mr. Shamir replied flat-ly: "We will say no." Both sides could face domestic

problems for talking to the enemy. His Majesty King Hussein will have to cope with Mus-Mideast War, and Israel's insistence that the Arabs prove their the peace talks. No one has forgotten that the only other Arab leader who made peace with Neither side has much faith in Israel, Anwar Sadat of Egypt, was assassinated three years

Mr. Shamir need not fear such immediate demand for Israel to violent reactions, but his agreestop building Jewish settlements ment to go to the conference is in the occupied West Bank and bound to rock his cabinet. It may not fall immediately, but ultra-For Israel, the test of the con-rightists in his coalition have ference is not what happens Oct. vowed to defect if he talks to 30 in Madrid, but what comes PLO delegates or discusses yield-

immediately proceed to direct "Old suspicions won't dis-negotiations between Israel and appear quickly. The gaps are real each Arab state. It also wants and the gaps will not be easily

al issues like water conservation Jerusalem Friday. "But we take and disarmament can be deait, encouragement from issuance of these invitations.

Sectarian warfare returns to terror-stricken Belfast streets

By Jim Campbell Reuter

BELFAST — In the Protestant ight. They won't even answer the door after dark.

Burly security men guard pub doors, vigilantes prowl the streets on the lookout for unfamiliar

Belfast is back to the bloody days of the 1970's. Gunmen from both sides of the sectarian divide have taken to the streets with increasing ferocity.
With church and political lead-

ers seriously alarmed by the escalating violence — the death toil is already nearing last year's total of 76, and climbing fast — police have set up a special squad to track down the killer gangs.

But some community groups say this is a cosmetic exercise. Many uniformed and undercover police and soldiers are already on the ground in the ghettos of north and west Belfast, but gunmen are seldom stopped or caught in the erument after 17 years of direct

Paramilitary leaders from the Protestant side that wants this and Catholic ghettos of Belfast, northern enclave to remain Britpeople are now afraid to go out at ish and the Catholic republicans who want a united Ireland say the spiral of "tit-for-tat" killings is likely to continue. Neither side wants to be seen to be the first to back down and lose face with their hardline supporters.

Cardinal Cahal Daly, spiritual leader of four million Roman Catholics on both sides of the border, said the murder gangs were taking Northern Ireland to the brink of a sectarian conflict more bloody than anything seen

in the past 20 years. Britain's Northern Ireland Minister Peter Brooke warned that "political ends cannot be achieved out of the barrel of a

The sectarian reprisal shootings had stopped for two months when both sides called a ceasefire during peace talks brought about by Mr. Brooke, aimed at returning Northern Ireland to local govrule by London. But the talks collapsed in July

and the killing resumed — but with a new and sinister twist. The Irish Republican Army, battling to oust Britain from Northern Ireland, had tended to confine its guerrilla attacks to police, soldiers and commercial targets.
But then it began planting car

bombs in Protestant housing estates. Protestants retaliated with car bombs in Catholic areas. Next, rival gangs began prowling Belfast troublespots looking

for random victims. In north Belfast, Protestants hunted down lone Catholics, stabbing them and beating them with iron bars. Catholics in west Belfast retaliated by singling out lone Protes-tants and slashing them with

knives. They have been nicknamed "the Catholic butchers" because their methods recall "the Shankill butchers," a gang which slashed

the throats of dozens of Catholics

in the 1970's until their leader

Taxi drivers were the next victims. Both sides began killing'

Lennie Murphy was killed by the

cabbies -- easy targets who could be murdered at will when they picked up fares in the ghettos. Now taxi drivers are more selective, and many are staying

The big fear in Catholic west Belfast is that Protestant gunmen, better armed and organised than ever, will single out a pub or bar for a mass attack. That's why bar doors are reinforced, bolted and guarded. Typical of the victims of these

random killings was Karl Hegney, an unemployed painter ambushed by Protestant gunmen on his way home. His wife, Pauline, 26, her face puffed and tear-stained, asked: "what is all of this supposed to achieve? Surely it is time all this killing stopned? It seems the innocent suffer the worst but I harbour no bitterness for the men who killed him. There is no hatred in me, only a terrible emptiness and sadness."

BEIRUT — A few hours after the American guided-missile ruiser Vincennes shot down the Iranian A 300 civilian airliner franian A 300 civilian and 1988, sover the Gulf on July 3, 1988, civiling all 290 innocent souls on the Activities all 290 innocent some board, a gunman burst into the board, a gunman burst into the board, a gunman burst into the underground cell in Lebanon in which U.S. Lt-Col. William Hig-

Lt.-Coi Higgins had been kidnapped in Lebanon Feb. 17, a months earlier, on Feb. 17, a months earlier, on Feb. 17, a napped in Lebanon almost five montos carner, on the feasty, tough, foolbardy man who was the head of the United Nawas the near or the tions observer group supervising the 1948 truce between Lebanon and Israel. The Shiite gunman, shaking with anger at the report down the Airbus, asked Lt.-Col Higgins for his reaction to the who investigated his case, Lt.-Col. Higgins - probably unaware that the Iranian plane was a civilian airliner - expressed his

Enraged by this response, the gunman, according to the same officials, pointed his Kalashnikov officials, pomies in a surface automatic rifle at the unarmed American and opened fire with a American and operation, killing tun cap or annual outrage or him instantly. Did outrage or sadism provoke this man to shoot Lt.-Col Higgins? Murder or manslaughter? A year after his death. Lt.-Col. Higgins's kidnappers released a videotape of their captive, hanging from a rope, claiming he had just been "executed" in retaliation for the Israeli kidnapping of the Shiite cleric Sheikh Abdul Karim Obeid. Thus can anger and cruelty

shape the behaviour of Lebanon's kidnappers. Jackie Mann's revelations of his treatment in the cellars of Beirut are in no way unique. Indeed, they are mild compared to the savagery meted out against other captives in Lebanon. Kidnapped Lebanese - thousands of forgotten prisoners whom the West has always ignored — provide infinitely more terrible stories of their cap-

2014 CTS tivity. Christian militiamen captured by their Druze opposite numbers were tortured to death with redin 1983, while Christian gunmen bot irons in the Chonf mountains gang-raped and then butchered kidnapped Druze women. Only because we in the West choose to forget that Arabs have suffered from the plague of abduction far more grievously than Westerners are we surprised at the apparent inhumanity of the captors.

ping first embraced Americans and Europeans. Lebanon had endured two Israeli invasions, the massacre of certainly hundreds and perhaps as many as 2,000 Palestinians in the Sabra and Shatila camps by Israel's allies, the artillery and aerial bombardment of Muslim militias by American and French forces.

> its own dreadful description against the rebellious Shiite vilages of southern Lebanon. In the Gulf, the West was giving logis-tical, military and political support to the Arab leader who had invaded Iran — a man called Saddam Hussein — while hundreds of Lebanese guerrilla fighters locked up by America's Israeli allies in Lebanon were, according to Amnesty International, routinely tortured with electric

Israel had used an "iron fist"

Working as a journalist in this brutal world, Terry Anderson, the Associated Press bureau chief Beirut, was also kidnapped. Mr. Terry had risked his life among the Shiites of Beirut to report the U.S. Marine bombardment of their homes during the American-Shiite fighting of 1983. He was - is - a fine man who least deserved his fate. We now know that he was kept for the first two months of his captivity in utter darkness in the basement of a ruined hotel, chained to the wall, constantly told he was to be 'executed." He later described to fellow prisoners how he wept during those terrible days, despairing of ever seeing his family

He was beaten. So were the other American hostages who later joined him. Mr. Anderson watched another captive — the kidnapped CIA station chief. William Buckley — died from ill-treatment, and years later Mr. Anderson was seen beating his head in desperation against his cell until his blood ran down the wall. When Tom Sutherland, the kidnapped American dean of agriculture at the American University of Beirut, was brought letters from his family, his kidnappers showed him his mail, but at first refused to hand it over on the grounds that he too was a CIA agent. Only when his fellow hostage, Father Lawrence Jenco, went down on his knees before the kidnappers, pleading for their kindness towards a totally innocent man, did they hand over the

Fear that their identity would be discovered prompts almost all Let us go back, however, to Lebanese kidnappers to insist folded for hours each day. Jackie Mann was told to put a towel over his head each time his captors entered his cell. Other Westerners have spent days - in one case months — with their eyes tightly bound with cloth. Even when he was trying to negotiate the release of American captives: in 1985 - while still technically a free man - Terry Waite, the

Archbishop of Canterbury's envoy, was forced to sit on a hard chair with his eyes bound while kidnappers threatened his own life as well as those of the hos-

When Mr. Waite himself became a captive, he appears to have been kept in isolation for at least two years, sick and in despair, usually blindfolded and aiways suspected of being a spy by kidnappers who were aware of his meeting with then Vice-President George Bush and Lt.-Col. Ofiver North. So ill did he become that his captors feared he would not survive his imprisonment and tried to prepare the ground for his possible demise by telling journalists in Beirut that he had already died.

When the French hostage Michel Seurat was dying of cancer, he was cared for only by a Lebanese Jewish doctor, also a hostage, whose "execution" was later claimed by the kidnappers. Mr. Segrat asked to be moved to a room away from his fellow captives. When he died there, his kidnappers announced that he too had been "executed." Once Mr. Waite was out of danger after which he was joined by Mr. Anderson, Mr. Sutherland and the British hostage John McCarthy — the stories of his death

suddenly ended. There have been individual cases of sadism. Several freed Western hostages — not Mr. Mann -- recounted mock executions. The kidnappers of the American Joseph Cicippio forced him to make a videotape announcing his imminent execution, in which he tearfully said a final" goodbye to his young Lebanese wife - before being reprieved" by his captors. A French journalist abducted in West Beirut tried to commit spicide after repeatedly being told that he would spent the rest of his life in a cellar.

After years drenched in perspiration during Beirut's hot summers, hostages were given airconditioning, only to find that the sound of the machine damaged their eardrums. A Belgian captive held by Palestinians was not

that their captives remain blind- allowed to wash for six months. In the end, his hands were so slippery with human grease that he could not even button his

The individual courage of the

hostages themselves in no way mitigates this appalling treatment. Mr. Terry Anderson, ordered to take off his trousers for a security search, indignantly refused and punched his kidnappers in the face when he was threatened. The order was never repeated. Hostages were - and still are — moved around Lebanon in sealed steel boxes beneath lorries, fearful of suffocation on every journey. Now as John McCarthy has recounted, Mr. Anderson, Mr. Sutherland and Mr. Waite are often allowed to watch television and read books and magazines, their torment eased by accoutrements worthy of a third class hotel. Treatment at the Israeli-controlled Khiam prison in southern Lebanon is

also said to have improved.

But Khiam provides a grim counterpoint to the disgraceful treatment of the Western bostages in Beirut. The routine use of electrical torture in this jail on women as well as men - has been largely ignored in the West, even though publicised by Amnesty International. The in mates, now being traded for the Western hostages, are no more accessible to the Red Cross than the Western captives. There have been consistent reports of mock executions at Khiam. When one voung man emerged after months of isolation there in a box no larger than a dog kennel, a premature hunchback with his back covered in putrefying sores, not a voice was raised in protest by the Western politicians and newspapers that now so loudly - and so rightly — condemn the unforgivable treatment meted out to Jackie Mann.

In this context, the prisoners of Lebanon — whatever their nationality — are as much victims of a political tragedy as of the brutality of kidnappers and militiamen. There is no shortage of evil in Lebanon. But had the hostage holders and the prison guards not been invisibly mutilated by the terrible events that have taken place here, would they treat their captives so crueilv? Perhaps the freed prisoners — Westerners and Lebanese alike

 will have to suggest whether the moral response should be revenge or forgiveness, in a ruined land where justice-is-as rare: As mercy — The Indepen-

Mixed reaction among Jordanians

we can get out of the conference and how important we are to the Americans.

People on the sceptical camp, however, argued that the U.S. should not be trusted as a fair sponsor of Arab-Israeli negotiations because of the country's historic support of the Jewish

"The traditional relationship between the U.S. and Israel does not give the Americans the objectivity or fairness to play the role of the referee during this conference," said Fu'ad Majdalawi, a 23-year-old accountant adding that it would be natural for the U.S. to side and support Israel throughout the talks.

Mr. Majdalawi said that this

was the wrong time for the Araba to begin negotiations with Israel, saying that the Arabs "have nev-er been so divided before, thus weakening their position "Besides, bow could the Arab

countries who participated in lannching a full-fledged war against another Arab country, Iraq, and continue to sancti that country, is now willing to sit with the Israelis and make

"In fact, it would be politically naive for Israel to give up any thing to the Arabs when it is in such a weak position," commented Mr. Majdalawi.

Jamal Abu Ammar, a sales manager at a computer com-pany, agreed with him, saying that the outcome of the conference would be "disappointing

"We make demands, but from a very weak position, so why Israel and the U.S. both in a very strong position — give something to the weak?" he asked pessimistically. sked pessimistically. Hiba Sudah, a 21-year-old

secretary held a similar opinion and described the Arabs' participation in the upcoming confer-ence as a method "to shut up the "When I heard Baker's

ouncement to TV last night, I felt so frustrated that the Arabs allowed themselves to fall in the Israeli trap," she said. Nawal Sharif, another

secretary, argued with Ms. Sudah saying that there was no reason to oppose the conference "It's not wrong to go the conference if there is some hope, she reasoned to her colleague "And if we can't get anything, we have nothing to lose and we won't be blamed for trying."

Sa'ad Batayneh and Maysa

Ma'ani, both architects, said that there should be no question on participating in the conference because "any outcome from the negotiations would be better than our current situation. "My concern is that the Arabs

must go to the negotiating table with clear objectives, strong terms and demands, and concentrate on the quality of the nego-tiations," Mr. Batayneh, 36, told

Ms. Ma'ani agreed, saying that the Arab negotiators must go the conference well-prepared, be far-sighted, patient and with

"In other words, we have to know what we are going to say in the next 10 years," she commented.

"I totally support the idea of this conference," said lihad Hamdan, an airconditioning technician, who was drinking his tea with a group of other young men at an Amman cafe. "I believe that the U.S. and

the Soviet Union will pressure Israel into giving up the occupied territories and implement international resolutions in our favour," he told the Jordan Times as his friends nodded in He was optimistic that the

conference would solve the Palestinian problem, "especially that the PLO will be behind the scenes giving instructions to their negotiating team, and which will make the final decisions."

Thirty-eight-year-old Saleh Mustafa, a baker, described the conference as "the first step towards achieving the full rights of the Palestinian people." He also believes that the U.S. will exert pressure on Israel to give up the

occupied territories "because the U.S. will do what it wants," tor at one of Amman's hotels. the peace conference means easing restrictions for him to visit his

"The important thing for me is that I won't pay JD160 to the Israelis every time they give me a permit to visit the West Bank," he told the Jordan Times, adding that he did not follow political

Others like Hisham Hamdi, a popular restaurant manager, was also indifferent and said he felt "nothing" when he heard the news of the convening of the

"I know this will be a historic conference, and I hope it will benefit the Arabs and Palestinians," Mr. Hamdi said matterof-factly. "But we'll have to wait and see what the results will be." A middle-aged housewife, Na-

jla Abdallah, was cynical about the conference. "It just means maybe — that we won't have to taken off every time we pass the bridge to go to the other side," she said referring to Israeli secur-ity checks at the King Hussein

Jordan Times. The Arabs are giving Israel what it never

they will sign Palestinians to the Israelis forever."
However, Mrs. Abdailah, a mother of six, believes that Israel

would give some territory back to the Palestinians or Jordan in exchange for peace. "But what is the territory and how much are we getting?" she asked.

For Nadim Dabbour, a businessman, the outcome of the conference would benefit Israel and provide "only temporary security and stability in the re-

Mr. Dabbour, who cynically described any future treaty between the Arabs and Israelis as an "economic agreement," in-sists that Israel would live up to its word that it will not give up any territory and might only provide a symbolic kind of autonomy for the Palestinians in the occupied territories.

Several people who appeared sympathetic or supportive of Islamist groups were approached, but declined coment when asked their opinion by

Islamists have announced that they oppose the upcoming negogical reasons. They reject any compromise on Palestine with the Jewish state which they refuse to recognise and believe that all of Palestine must be liberated through Jihad.

.Iordan accepts invitation

(Continued from page 1)

Mr. Geradinov the Soviet ambass dor, said that the Soviet Union and the United States were closely cooperating to prepare for the confer-ence. So far the two have been able to had cropped up in the process of paving the way for the conference, he

Mr. Pankin's visit to Jordan, the ambassador said, is to reaffirm the Soviet_leadership's support for Jordan's role in the peace process. He said Moscow and Amman and Mr. Pankin's visit was part of the

Meanwhile Spanish Ambassador to Jordan Manual Cavrera said in a ent to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, that the choice of Madird as me for the conference came as a surprise to all. He attributed the choice to the fact that Spain enjoys good relations with all parties involved and its historic links with

tries of the region. Mr. Cavrera expressed delight and

the Spanish government's satisfaction for hosting the conference and said in would exert all efforts to make the peace process a success.

The road to peace is long and hard, but once the parties started the negotiations an atmosphere of mutual confidence would be created," he

Madrid will also bost the multiparty egotiations after the opening of the ference, be said. Information Minister Mahmoud Al

Sharif described the decision of the United States and the Soviet Union to ne invitations for the conference as 'a historic turning point."

Jordan, he told reporters, hoped

the talks would lead to a "new page in the history of the region in which peoples coexist, the demands of the Palestinians are met and their rights

Mr. Sharif described the talks as the beginning of a lengthy road.
"We hope it will also allow the peoples of the region to move towards building a prosperous future and channel their energies towards development instead of spending on

wars and mutual destruction," h

The senior-most American and Soviet diplomats in Syria, Lebanon and Egypt delivered similar invitations to the respective foreign minis

The Palestinian invitation was delired to activist Faisal Husseini in Arab Jerusalem by the American

Bahrain, Tunisia and Morocco also reported receiving the invitations.

France pledged Saturday to support the Middle East peace talks and called on participants to show good faith during the parley.

A short Lebanese Foreign Ministry statement said U.S. Ambassador dor Gennady Illitchev jointly handed the invitation letter to Foreign Minister Fares Bweiz upon his return from Damascus last Friday

Bahrain announced the receipt of the invitation to the ocace conference as the number of participants attending as observers appeared to be on

Originally, GCC Secretary-General Abdullah Bishara was to represent Bahrain and other council



Assad and Arafat meet

(Continued from page 1) for a summit of leaders in the front line of the Arab-Israeli conflict.
Mr. Arafat was met at the airport Saturday morning by Vice President Khaddam. It was the first time the PLO leader has been greeted here at 110W like the level but short of what could have been accorded him as head of the Palestinian state.

He went immediately to Rawda

Palace, a guest mansion normally used for visiting dignitaries on the level of prime minister. Sources said Mr. Khaddam then

met with Mr. Arafat and other Palestinian leaders: Yasser Abed Rabbo, the PLO's information chief, Communist Party leader Suleiman
Najjab, local PLO representative
Mahmond Khalidi, and independents
Zuhdi Nasha Shibi and Shawfiq Al

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government-in-exile, met with Mr. Pankin, the sources said. Mr. Arafat and Damascus cut ties when Syria backed a rebellion against his leadership by Colonel Abu Musa

Mr. Arafat's only visit to Syria since then was in 1988 when he came to Damascus for the funeral of his military deputy Khalil Al Wazir (Abu Jihad) who was assassinated in Tunis

by Israeli agents.

The two leaders also met on the sidelines of Arab summits in Algeria and Morocco but relations remained

In Tunis this week Mr. Arafat overcame hardline opposition to rally the Palestine Central Council behind a Palestinian presence at the peace

Diplomats expected Mr. Arafat to

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groups not represented in the PLO. Other groups, such as the Popular (PFLP) and the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP) have agreed to the peace conference ugh they disagree on some con-

PFLP leader George Habash said Saturday the decision to accept a joint Palestinian-Jordanian delegation was "a big blow to the PLO."

"The PLO is standing on a danger-ous slide after it submitted to the American conditions, (its) surrenderist policy and the gratizitous conceswere in Tehran for a four-day

Iranian-sponsored conference on taken a hardline stance against nego-

taken a narume stance against nego-tiating with Israel.

The general view here is that almost all factions accept the idea that the conference will be held, even if occupied territories to the Arabs.

Princess Wijdan Ali

The National Music, Conservatory / Noor Al Hussein Foundation

The British Council - Amman

Nick Carpenter, clarinet David McArthur, piano

Monday October 21, 1991 at 8:00 p.m. The Royal Cultural Center Tickets (for 4 JD each) are available at :-- The Royal Cultural Center, Tel. 661026

- Babiche, Tel. 661322 have talks with representatives of Palestinian opponents based in the Syrian capital including the Palestine National Salvation Front of four The British Council, Tel. 636147 - The National Music Conservatory, Tel. 687620 they do not believe it will yield the desired result of Israel returning

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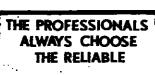
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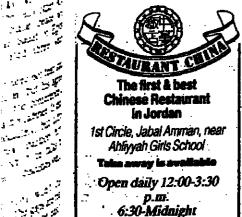
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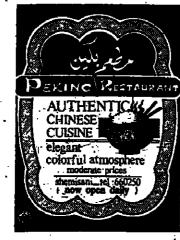
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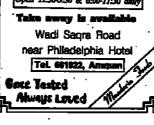






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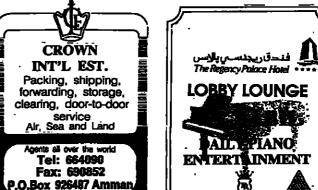
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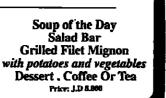
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Berger wins pole position Tyson's at Japanese Grand Prix

Gerhard Berger of Austria held onto the pole position for Sunday's Japanese Grand Prix with a lap record in the second qualifying round in his McLaren-

Berger, who earned the provisional pole Friday, bettered his time Saturday by rounding the 5.86-kilometre Suzuka circuit, Honda's home turf, in 1 minute, 34.700 seconds. That gave him an average speed of 222.919 kilometres per hour.

His teammate, Ayrton Senna of Brazil, was second at 1:34.898. followed by Briton Nigel Mansell at 1:34.922

· Saturday's results, which determine the starting grid for Sun-- day's Formula One race, set back Mansell's hoples of winning the first overall driver's title in his 11-vear career.

Senna, winner of the overall title in 1988 and 1990, came to Suzuki with 85 points, 16 points ahead of Mansell, his closest competitor.

The top three drivers all reduced their qualifying lap times from the previous record of 1:36.996, set by Senna last year. "It was a very good lap," said Berger, who won the Suzuka race

It was his eighth pole position in 114 career races. He took the lead spot in the Spanish Grand Prix three weeks ago.

Berger said he could have driven faster but "had a slight

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Opening lead: King of ∇ One definition of a pessimist is

someone who wears a belt and sus-

penders. The equivalent at the

bridge table is a player who takes

every precaution, and that is a

North-South reached a sound six-

diamond contract on a logical auction. Note that North was not

inclined to bid no trump-on the

auction the queen of hearts was a

West led the king of hearts, ruffed

Pass Pass

Soccer matches held Friday, Oct. 18, 1991

AMMAN LITTLE LEAGUE

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STANDINGS

getting out of sixth and fifth

The Austrian said he felt much more confident than earlier in the 1:36.882.

"If you looked at my year, I've had good races, good qualifyings. The next thing is to put out a mind to win," he said.

Berger said he hoped that a good performance Sunday also could help McLaren-Honda win the constructor's title.

McLaren-Honda has dominated the constructor's title in recent years, but this trails Williams-Renault 117-116.

Senna said of the season's Driver's Championship: "I feel good, but I am under no illu-

"The race is going to be very tough, but I think things are slowly coming our way, step by step. I hope tomorrow will be the last of those steps," he added. He said the team had worked extensively on his machine, and that chassis balance would be crucial in Sunday's race.

Mansell must win both here and in the final race in Adelaide, Austria, next month, with Senna finishing no better than fifth, to win the driver's title.

"It would have been nice to start from the front row. We'll have to wait until tomorrow to see if they (the leaders) are as strong in the race," he said. Senna's archrival, Alain Prost

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4-3

6-4 2-2

6-9

6-11

9-14

15-13

by declarer. Trumps were drawn in

three rounds and declarer then started on clubs. The 4-1 split was a

bit of a disappointment, but all was

not vet lost. Declarer surrendered

club to West, who shifted to the jacl

of spades. The finesse of the queen lost to the king—down one.

Declarer met with some unlucky breaks, but should have landed the

slam regardless. There was almost

no way to succeed if clubs were 5-0 so at trick two South should have

cashed the ace of clubs, taking due

should have been tested by cashing

If trumps were 4-1, declarer would have had to draw trumps and

However, when trumps prove to be

3-2, declarer can protect against East holding a singleton chib by

leading a club from the table. If East ruffs, declarer will ruff the heart return, run the clubs to discard four

spades from dummy, and make the slam by ruffing the losing spade on the board. If East does not ruff, declarer's king wins, a club is ruffed with the table's high trump to estab-

lish the suit, and declarer returns to

hand with a heart ruff to draw the

last trump and run the clubs. At the

end, declarer concedes a spade, but

note of East's ten. Next, trump

the ace and king.

GOREN BRIDGE

HANDLE WITH CARE

UPS

finished fourth at 1:36.670, with Riccardo Patrese of Italy, driving a Williams-Renault, next at

In the better rivariy between Senna and Prost, Senna was disqualified and lost his overall title here two years ago after a crash with Prost at the chicane. Last year, they crashed again, at the first corner of the race, and Senna won back the title.

Prost ranks fourth this year with 31 points, and is out of title contention.

Japan's main hope, Satoru Nakajima, came in 15th at 1:39.118 in his Tyrell-Honda. Thousands of Japanese fans, many waving national flags with his name written in Japanese, wished him a victory here because it will be his last race in his home country.

Nakajima has announced he will retire at the end of the

Saturday's qualifying was interrupted for about 20 minutes due to a crash by Michael Schumacher, who spun and hit a curb, badly damaging the rear wing of his Benetton-Ford. He walked away from the accident, and there was no immediate report of any injuries.

On Friday, Eric Bernard of France damaged his Lola-Ford and fractured his left leg during the free practice session, delaying the qualifying later in the day.

Johnson

leads

Lakers

in Paris

PARIS (AP) — Magic Johnson

delighted the Parisian crowd with

an all-court show as the Los

Angeles Lakers beat CSP

Limoges of France to 132-101

Friday in the McDonald's Open.

Badalona of Spain in the final.

The Spanish champions downed a

depleted Yugoslavian team, Slo-

bonda Dalmacija, in the opener,

Johnson played just 26 minutes but had 21 assists with 7 points as

the Lakers rotated lineups to give

everyone playing time. Vlade

Divac played 25 minutes and led

Stephane Ostrowyki topped

Johnson did not disappoint the

"Showtime is a number of

Johnson. "It's moving the ball,

getting jumpers." After a 29-24 first quarter lead

for the Lakers, Johnson sat on

the bench for the opening mi-

nutes of the second period as

Limoges stayed close until 39-35.

assists to Divac, had a three-

pointer and helped to pump the

Magic returned, delivered two

the Limoges scorers with 26

the Lakers with 23 points.

The Lakers take on Joventut

rib injury postpones fight with Holyfield

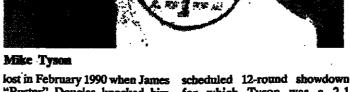
LAS VEGAS (R) — The Nov. 8 world heavyweight title fight between champion Evander Holy-field and Mike Tyson was postponed Friday because of an injury to Tyson's left rib cage, fight organisers said.

A brief statement from Caesars Palace, the scheduled site for the fight, expected to be the richest in history, said Tyson suffered the injury on Oct. 8 and re-injured it on Oct. 15 while training.

The statement said it was a "non-contact cartilage injury." No explanation was immediately Tyson was "examined by Dr.

Gerald L. Higgins, an ortho-

paedic surgeon in Las Vegas who recommended the postponement of the bout," the statement said. It said promoters of the bout are discussing dates to reschedule the fight, which was expected to gross \$100 million, as Tyson attempted to regain the title he



"The fight is definitely off. It's Rich Rose, president of Caesars World Sports, who was in Atlantic City. He said a new date for the fight should be announced

Holyfield, who won the title by knocking out Douglas last October, was guaranteed \$30 million and Tyson 15 million for their

"Buster" Douglas knocked him for which Tyson was a 2-1 favourite in the early betting line.

One source said Tyson must (just) a postponement," said avoid contact for six to eight weeks. Another report said the fight might take place in early January. Tyson is scheduled to stand

> Indiana, on charges that he raped a beauty pageant contestant in his hotel room last July.

Tyson has denied the charges.

trial on Jan. 27 in Indianapolis.

Candidates bid to impress IOC members

SYDNEY (AP) - Sydney opted for a vibrant video presentation, Peking stuck to the facts. Manchester emphasised its history, while Berlin stressed its new soli-

Four leading contenders to play host to the Olympic Games in the year 2000 took the floor Saturday at the 25th congress of the General Assembly of International Sports Federations (GAISF).

All were hoping to make a good early impression on the 21 voting members of the International Olympic Committee (IOC) who were among the 300 GAISF

city at its meeting in Monte Carlo in late 1993. Sydney bid chief executive Rod

The IOC will choose the host

McGeoch gave a brief speech and then played a short video featuring shots of the outback, famous Australian athletes and examples of major sporting events held nationwide over the past six

Sydney's package was intentionally youthful, with shots of young athletes backed by a pounding rock rhythm.

It contrasted with the lower

key approach taken by the other three contenders. Brasilia, Brazil, which also has announced its candidacy, was not present. Manchester Committee mem-

ber Michael Dyble recalled inthings, it's not only dunks," said | ventions which have sprung from the northern English city, pointing out it was the first city to have a public transportation system.

His colleague, Sir Philip Car-ter, said: "We are building on lessons learned in the (unsuccessful) 1996 campaign and our 2000 bid will be so much stronger." German Minister of Sports and Education Juergen Klemann

urged all delegates to share his

nation's dream of a Berlin Olym-Olympic host cities.

"We want to celebrate friendship of nations, right in the heart of Europe," Mr. Klemann

China is seeking its first Olympics and Peking took a statistical

Olympic Committee Secretary General Jizhong Wei concentrated his speech on the stadiums, hotels and transport systems which are in place or ready for construction for the Olympics.

New South Wales State Premier Nick Greiner, who supports Sydney's bid, said his state's capital city faced a tough task.

Delegates at the GAISF conference have discussed possible reforms to the system of selecting cipation, the group said.

IOC Director-General Francois Carrard said the current bidding process, in which the 94 IOC members are lobbied by candidate cities, was not perfect.

"We are trying to improve the system and we are thinking of all the constituents of the Olympic movement, but the difficulties are obvious," Mr. Carrard said. Meanwhile the endurance

sport of triathlon took a step toward becoming an Olympic event when it was admitted Saturday to the GAISF. The event involving swimming,

cycling and running was a pro-visional member of the federation and was upgraded because increased public interest and parti-

Atlanta dream season may be nightmare for Las Vegas LOS ANGELES (R) - While their division last year with the

the 1991 baseball season may seem like a dream for the Atlanta Braves and Minnesota Twins, it ' could be a million-dollar nightmare for Las Vegas bookmakers.

"Most sports book operators were definitely rooting against the Braves," said Art Manteris, director of the race and sports operations at the Las Vegas Hilton Race and Superbook.

"We will lose money on this proposition no matter which of Espin, spokeswoman for the Stardost Resort and Casino.

Industry sources estimate a Braves win in the World Series could cost Nevada's sports book operations about \$15 million.

"That seems to be fairly credible," Manteris said. Before the season the national league cham-pion Braves, who finished last in

worst record in Major League baseball, were 100-to-1 to 300-to-1 longshots to win the World Series.

The Twins, who also finished fast in their division last year, were 60-to-1 to 100-to-1 under-

"We had the Twins at 80-to-1 and the Braves at 250," Manteris

The Stardust's pre-season favourite to win the World Series was the Oakland Athletics a .3-to-1, followed by the New York

Mets at 6-to-1, Espin said. For the best-of-seven World Series that opens Saturday the odds favour the Twins slightly.

"The Minnesota Twins are 6to-5 favourites to defeat the Braves," said Vince Magliulo, sports book manager at Ceasar's

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1991 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A wonderful Sunday for you to ex-pand your religious spiritual, edu-cational (and or) scientific interests so you will have a greater amount of peace, screnity and understanding in the days ahead.

ARTES: (March 21 to April 19). This is a fine day to concentrate upon getting all of your practical affairs on a much better foundation and basis so you evidence more prosperity.

TAURES: (April 20 to May 20) Your charm is high and you have it in your power to show you are a real charmer and can please those personal ties who rely upon you for some langhter. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You

are in a busy mood now and can well utilize this to gain the private information you need so that you can make your own special ideas a part of your life. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) Take some time out now to be with good friends and let them know how much you value being a part of their lives by some LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Now

you find that you have the need to go straight to one in power to get him to help you gain the informa-tion that will make your outside projects easier to do

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Take some time out now to gain some new allies or new information than can make your dreams come true with more of the

zip and zest you like. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) You have lots of little duties in perform that require exactness and precision and this is the time for

you to do them so you have for more position in your life. SCORPIO: (October 23 to Nove ber 21) Whatever you want to do to gain the good will of partners is fine now if you will get in touch with them and explain just what

you have in mind. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 fo December 21) There are no many project for you to do than a moment should not be lost to daydreaming so make up your mint early and then perform tasks with

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) This is your time to show off a bit and to thoroughly enjoy the outlets that make you feel you are really living on top of the world.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to Febraary 19) Your interest now is apt ap be strongest in getting all of your affairs on a more solid and secure structure so think out a practical course under which to operate. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Dash around seeing and being with usual allies, making your daily affairs more suitable and satisfac-

<u>ئە</u> ---

1 8/11/2

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tory and have appointmenthose able to aid you.



aspirin, stomach pills and tranquilizers."

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. MICHE Out Name of Street TUSEA PEOPLE WHO REFUSE TO WEAR THEIR CALPEA PRESCRIBED EYE -GLASSES SOMETIMES

MAKE THIS OF THEMSELVES. **HARTHS** Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

(Answers tomorrow)

Jumbles: KINKY FORAY DECEIT PROFIT Answer: That cynic said that the world is neither round nor flat, but this---CROOKED

score to 51-37.

Peanuts



Andy Capp



Mutt'n'Jeff



THE Daily Crossword by Bernice Gordon



9 Gentlemen in Granada 10 Cover with vapor 11 Nobel physicist 12 Dies — 13 Roman clan
18 Uproar
22 Cage of an elevator
25 Nace of bread
26 Nace

26 Notes 27 Neck feature 28 Hot spiced drink 29 — Sound, WA 30 Atelier prop 31 Rock 34 Demented 40 Addled 3 Fury 4 Creates' sister 5 High school club

49 Tramp 50 Júliet's family

58 Rock artist

63 Unwanted plan 64 Fats 65 Capt. Hook's

60 A Gardne

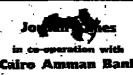
DOWN

2 Crooked

name 53 Pack animal 57 Emulates M.C.

Financial Markets

(* TOBER 3. by





Сштерсу	NEDVORK close mate 18/10/91	NBW/ORK close Date 17/10/91	
Sterling Pound*	1.7265	1_7190	
Deutsche Mark	1.6873	1-6958	
Swiss Franc	1.4755	1.4805	
French Franc	5.7515	5.7780	
Japanese Yen	129.85	129.38	
European Curreny Unit	1.2135	7.2033**	

__ 18/10/91

Сштевсу	1 MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTH
U.S. Dollar	5.12	5 .2 5 .	5.25	5.37
Sterling Pound	10.43	10.31	10.18	10.12 _
Deutsche Mark	9.12	9.31	9.25	9.25
Swiss Franc	8.06	8.25	8.18	8.06
French Franc	8.93	9.09	9.15	9.21
Japanese Yen	6.53	6.28	5.96	5.62
European Currency Unit	9.56	9.75	9.75	9.75

Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm°	Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm
Gold	361.90	7.05	Silver	4.155	0.092
21 Karat					

' 21 Kan	ď						
estral	علحدو	of	Jordan	Exchange	Ente	Balletin	•
				_		Date:	19/10/91

Date: 19/10/			
Bid	Offer		
0.6850	0.6870		
1.1811	1.1870		
0.4053	0.4073		
0.4635	0.4658		
0.1190	0.1196		
0.5268	0.5294		
0.3598	0.3616		
0.1111	0.1117		
0.0542	0.0545		
Q.01971	0.01981		
	0.6250 1.1811 0.4053 0.4635 0.1190 0.5268 0.3598 0.1111 0.0542		

Свитевсу	Bid	Offer	
Bahraini Dinar		1,787	1,797
chanese Lira'		0.0774	0.0777
Saadi Riyal	-	0.1824	0.1834
Kuwaiti Dinar		-	-
Qatari Riyal		0.1858	0.1868
Egyptian Pound	1	0.2050	0.2180
Omani Riyal	,	1,754	1,764
	8 A . 1 1 1 1	_	

Greek Drachme

Cypriot Pound

*:...

ladex ,	9/10/91	Close	16/10/91	Close
All-Share	122.01	•	123.06	
Banking Sector	103.10		104.21	,
Insurance Sector	125.10	•	125.56	-
Industry Sector	150.61		151.56	٠.
Services Sector	. 130, 10		. 131 .55	

0.3698

1.4550

British jobless total nears 2.5 million

LONDON (Agencies) - Britain's jobless total climbed close 2.5 million for the first time in three years last month but the slower than expected rise pro-vided some comfort for a government fighting recession.

Seasonally-adjusted unemployment rose by 35,700 in September to reach 2.46 million or 8.7 per cent of the workforce. It was the smallest monthly increase in almost a year.

The government acknowledges that any improvement in unemployment figures will lag behind the economic recovery which it says is just starting to get under

But Employment Secretary
Michael Howard welcomed the figures, which were much lower than economists had forecast. There are now unmistakable

signs of the end of the recession,

Economists said the figures were encouraging but would not give much of a boost to recovery The government can take

some heart from the latest figures but the outlook for unemployment remains grim," said Ruth Lea, chief economist at Mitsu-bishi Bank in London.

She said unemployment was likely to keep rising well into next year. "The green shoots of economic recovery are still looking pretty frostbitten."

Government officials said the lower than expected rise was hard to explain and they were cautious about reading too much into the figures. But they hoped that the Other figures showed that

average earnings rose by a higher than expected 7.75 per cent in the year to August. The opposition Labour Party

said the data showed that Britain was paying an "appalling price."

Algeria asks to join **GATT**

ALGIERS (R) — Algeria has applied for admission to GATT (General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade), the minister with special-responsibility for commerce, Ahmad Fodil Bey, has

nar in Algiers that the govern-ment planned new codes on trade, fiscal matters and customs

Primary materials being imported would be subject to low tariffs, he said, adding that the number of different tariffs would be cut from 19 — ranging from nil to 120 per cent tax — to nine, with the tax rates ranging from nil to 42 per cent, the Algerian news

French unemployment chiefs become jobless

PARIS (R) - The two latest casualties of France's rising tide of unemployment were the bearers of the bad news themselves. Joining the ranks of the record 2.7 million jobless Friday were the chairman and managing director of the state employment agency, ANPE, which compiles unemployment statistics.

Employment Minister Martine Aubry sacked ANPE Managing Director Jean Marimbert Thursday night and Chairman Jean Bornard resigned in protest Friday.

Finance Minister Pierre Beregovoy accused the ANPE this week of being little more than an out-of-date recrod-keeping machine producing "debatable statistics."

With unemployment proving a severe drag on the government's popularity, Mr. Aubry wants the ANPE to be more active in its role of putting the jobless in touch with employers and to weed out more

Romania finds 'no gas' to refill for reform trip

economic reforms have been hit by the failure of rich countries to deliver promised aid, National Bank Governor Mugur Isarescu

Reforms have not only been running according to plan, winning praise from the International Monetary Fund (IMF), but have been accelerated, Mr. Isarescu

However, the reform programme had been built on the assumption of substantial foreign financial aid.

"It's crucial not only to have money but to have promised money at the due time," Mr.

The IMF's policy-making Interim Committee had called for "adequate and timely financing" to back adjustment, he said.

We started on this trip with a half-full tank, expecting we could fill up with fuel on the way now and again. We pushed on the accelerator, and when we reached the first fuel station there was a sign saying 'no gas," he

Mr. Isarescu said the Romanian government and parliament remained committed to economic reform, despite the recent riots led by coalminers.

The miners, whose rampage forced Mr. Isarescu to call off a major reform, internal convertibility for Romania's currency, the leu, and a single exchange rate, were protesting against huge price rises and the prospect of massive unemployment.

The economy was indeed performing worse than had been assumed under the IMF-

Instead of expected zero growth this year, the economy would shrink by five to 10 per

Inflation, expected to run at 120 per cent because of price liberalisation, would be nearer 160 or 200 per cent. Gross currency reserves, targetted at \$700 million, were only \$50 million.

That was due to the collapse of Romania's Soviet and castern

of foreign funding. "The IMF programme is on track but the economy is off track," he said.

Uncertainty after Septe miners' riots led the World Bank to suspend a planned loan, threatening to further disrupt Group of 24 funding as Japan's contribu-tion was tied to that credit.

Talks on the World Bank loan are to resume in November. Mr. Isarescu said the reforms had been based on two pillars — \$1 billion from the IMF, which was being paid out on schedule, and \$1 billion from the Group of 24, which was not.

Romania now expects to receive a maximum of only \$300 million of Group of 24 money this

It had a \$200 million bridging loan from the Bank for International Settlements in September in advance of the first European Community (EC) payment, expected now in November instead of April as promised.

The EC has been delaying pay nents because it wants other Group of 24 members, principally the United States, to contribute Washington has been holding off because it doubts the demo cratic credentials of the Roma-

nian anthorities. Mr. Isarescu said he had raised the issue with U.S. officials, who listened sympathetically and promised to consider Romania's emergency food needs.

Because of the rainy summer and problems in land reform, agricultural production would not cover domestic needs this year and Romania would need \$200 wheat and potatoes, Mr. Isarescu

"I expect because of the hardships and the burden of the September events there will be some modification of the process of adjustment," he said.

Unemployment in EC rises

LUXEMBOURG (AP) — The rate of unemployment in the 12 European Community countries rose to 8.9 per cent in August from 8.8 per cent in July, the EC reported Friday.

It was 8.4 per cent in August

Germany, excluding former East Germany, was the only country where unemployment fell last August, dropping to 4.6 per cent from 4.7 per cent in July. Denmark's unemployment rose the most, jumping from 8.1 per cent in July to 8.5 per cent in

Israel angered by U.S. doubts over credit rating

ing vast loans to provide homes, jobs and services for an infinx of Soviet Jews, is hitting back at suggestions from Washington that its ability to repay them may

be in doubt. These articles... give Israel a black eye just when we need more than ever to attract foreign investors," says Amos Rubin, economic adviser to Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir, after recent press reports of critical official studies in the United States.

U.S. newspapers have reported that government studies of Israel's creditworthiness showed it might not be able to repay its

growing debt on time without drastic economic reforms.

The studies, by the U.S. Export-Import Bank and Congressional Research Service, reflect long-standing U.S. concern that Israel has not introduced market reforms to an economy beleaguered by high inflation, high debt and heavy government in-

With relation with Washington on a raw edge over arrangements for a proposed Middle East peace conference, columnist Sever Plotzker in Yedioth Ahronoth, Israel's largest circulation daily, laid the blame on the White

"A smear campaign against Israel's economy is being conducted in the American media," he wrote. "The source of the inspiration... is one of the situa- borrow at favourable rates with

MOSCOW (AP) -- Boris Yeltsin

and seven other republic chiefs

have joined Mikhail Gorbachev

in a new economic union and now

face the stickier task of forging

political ties on the ruins of the

They gathered in the Kremlin's

ornate St. George's Hall Friday

for an elaborate signing cere-mony that included champagne

toasts and a collective news con-

The treaty, a product of months of debate, will create a

"single economic zone" encom-

passing most of the Soviet Union.

It will take effect once ratified by

the republics parliaments, prob-

by a storm and now we can feel

firm ground," Kazakhstan's Pres-

ident Nursultan Nazarbayev said

after the signing.

The treaty calls for a coordin-

ated monetary and banking sys-

tem, customs rules and tariffs,

and cooperation in the fields such

as energy, transportation and

communications. Last-minute

changes demanded by Mr. Yeltsin

will let republics introduce their

The central government will be

prohibited from running a deficit,

levying taxes or interfering "in

Officials with the International

Monetary Fund, World Bank and

the Group of Seven leading in-

dustrialised countries have said

any major aid to the Soviet Union

was contingent on the signing of

the economic union treaty and

the institution of market-oriented

But Mr. Yeltsin cautioned that

"We should not let this signing,

and a glass of champagne, turn our heads," the Russian Federa-

many elements remain unre-

the economic activity of enter-

own correncies.

'Ît's as if our ship was tossed

ably within a few weeks.

old Soviet system.

economic links

tion rooms of the White House." Israel's anger is intense be-cause the official studies could bear on Israel's request for \$10 billion in loan guarantees from the American government.

President George Bush blocked consideration of the loan guarantees for 120 days in September, saying approval could hamper efforts to convene a Middle East peace conference.

Israel failed to muster enough support in Congress, normally a powerful ally, to override Mr. Bush's threatened veto. Though Israel says its debt

repayment record is perfect, since 1975 Washington has given an annual grant of \$1.2 billion to service the debt. The Congressional Research Service (CRS) notes that the total debt has

increased rapidly in recent years.
The CRS report said Israel manages its foreign debt and annual budget deficit through increasing levels of foreign aid and Jewish philanthropy.

Israel has received more than \$50 billion in U.S. aid since 1949 - \$3 billion in military and eco-

nomic grants annually since 1985. "A proposed \$10 billion increase in external debt over the next five years for the purpose of financing immigration costs would, however, alone increase Israel's external debt by some-what over 40 per cent," the CRS

The \$10 billion Israel hopes to

tion president said. Republics still

must decide now to divide up the

country's huge internal debt and

foreign debt, allocate the burden

of dues to the centre and create a

refused to sign at the last minute,

oining Moldavia and Georgia on

the sidelines. The absence of the

Ukraine in particular could hurt

the union's chances of surviving

and of winning foreign aid, which

Western leaders have made con-

tingent on approval of the treaty.

said most of the republics gave

him assurances they would come

aboard after further negotiation.

The pact includes provisions for

survive because there is no other

cliable way of go

of the current crisis," Mr. Gor-

bachev said. "Now our partners

know whom they can deal with."

political confederation growing

out of the economic union is

jeopardised by the absence of the

Ukraine, the second-most popu-

lous republic with 50 million peo-

ple and an industrial and agri-

The Ukraine appounced

Thursday it would not sign im-

mediately, but did not rule out

joining later. It sent a delegation

to the Kremlin ceremony to de-

monstrate its desire for con-

"We represent the Ukraine

here, so that you don't get the impression that the Ukraine has

slammed the door," said Ivan

Plynshch, deputy chairman of the

republic's parliament. He said he

believed the Ukraine eventually

Mr. Gorbachev views the pact

as the first step toward a loose

political confederation.

cultural powerhouse.

tinning cooperation.

Mr. Gorbachev's vision of a

"I think the agreement will

associate status.

However, the Soviet president

Azerbaijan and the Ukraine

new banking system.

Néw pact sets up Soviet

what is needed to absorb an expected million immigrants by

Israeli officials put the total cost at \$50 billion — \$20 to \$30 billion in loans from foreign

The CRS said servicing rising debt would be more difficult unless jobs were found for immigrants. Unemployment, up from six to 10 per cent in two years, is forecast to rise further as Israel struggles to create hundreds of

thousands of jobs. Avi Ben Bassat, director of research at the central bank, insisted Israel would be able to repay the loans because funds would go to create employment and economic growth.

Mr. Bassat also said the government had made reforms, reducing barriers to trade, relaxing foreign exchange controls, moving to deregulate capital markets

and starting to privatise. However, he acknowledged Israel had moved slowly on some important reforms. The state role in the economy has actually risen as spending on immigrants

If the United States refuse ioan guarantees when they come up for congressional approval in January, or serious questions are raised about Israel's ability to

repay debts, it could make it difficult for Israel to obtain other Canadian banks cut

prime rate TORONTO (R) — Major Canadian banks slashed their prime lending rates to nine per cent Friday as high unemployment and battered consumer confidence continued to plague economic recovery.

The Royal Bank of Canada led the cuts, dropping its prime from 9.5 per cent. All other major Canadian banks quickly followed except for the Bank of Montreal. which had cut its prime rate last

The prime rate, which banks charge their best customers, is now at its lowest level since 1987. Meanwhile. Statistics Canada. a government agency, reported that Canada's inflation rate fell to

5.4 per cent from 5.8 per cent. Economists, who cite the slowdown in inflation as one of the ncentives for interest rate drops, expect the inflation rate to fall to three per cent by next Pebruary.

They said the banks also may have eased in response to high unemployment, which is above 10 per cent, and reports that Canada's three-month-old recovery has begun to falter.

Despite a surge in business activity in the early summer, which boosted growth to an annual rate of 4.9 per cent in the second quarter and officially pulled Canada out of a year of recession, the economy now shows signs of widespread weak-

Some economists say Canada's economic output may start to fall again in the third quarter after only a quarter of recovery, creat-

ing a "double-dip" recession.
"The economy is still very weak," said Andrew Pyle, economist at MMS International.

Wall Street stocks end week at record high

NEW YORK (R) — Four years after their worst crash in history Wall Street stocks ended at record highs Friday, propelled by corporate earnings reports that were slightly better than expected and lower interest rates.

The Dow Jones industrial average closed up 24.15 points at 3,077.15, topping the prior record Nearly four years ago to the

day, the 30-stock index had its darkest day, plunging 508 points to 1,738.74 on Oct. 19, 1987. Volume was brisk at 204 million shares on the New York Stock Exchange, with advancing issues edging decliners 875 to 724.

The average share gained six U.S. cents.

7.4650

by a rebound in bond prices after Thursday's freefall on disappointment that the Federal Reserve, the U.S. central bank, did not lower interest rates.

"The rally was cut short yesterday (Thursday) because of the sharp drop in bond prices," said Robert Walberg, equity analyst at MSS International. The Dow index lost 8.72 points Thursday. "When the bond market turned around, that allowed stocks to

Tel: 677420

resume the rally.' But Friday, the benchmark 30year bond gained 23/32 of a point,

cent from 8.02 per cent.

Bond prices go up when in-terest rates go down, a factor that ents at that time.

helped spur the advance in the "There's a focus on earnings and most are being viewed in a positive light," one trad said.

two," said Peter Hagerman, chief

es. Its yield fell to 7.96 per

makes stocks more attractive in-Market watchers said betterthan-expected earnings reports

While some companies have reported weak results, there was a growing consensus on Wall Street that corporate America may have the brunt of the recession behind it. This has buoved sentiment and attracted investors

"Some of the companies that have really suffered seem to be looking like maybe things are turning in the next quarter or executive officer at Hallmark Capital Management.

He said the stock market has also been rising on hopes that President George Bush might againt attempt to stimulate the economy by proposing a tax package that includes a capital gains cut, a move he has long

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Will pay \$300 for two weeks from Friday, October 25, 91. Need girl speaking English to care for two babies, two and 10 months old to stay with family in Hotel Aquamarina Aqaba.

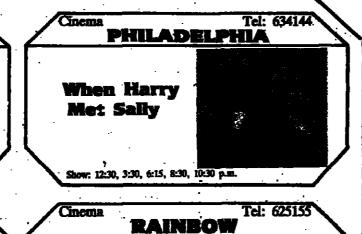
Please call tel. no. 646092 or (03) 316250- Mrs. Khoury

CONCORD **RED HEAT** m: 3:30."6:15, 8:30, 10:30

Tel: 675571 Nabil Al Mashini Theatre 1. SOMERSAULT TIME PLAY

Shows: daily 8:30 p.m. 2. Children play **☆THE TREASURE AND THE SEA☆**

Shows: daily 10:30 a.m., 4:30 p.m.



Tom Selleck in HER ALIBI

Show: 3:30, 6:30, 8:30 p.m.

Yugoslav defence minister orders ceasefire

Relief convoy hits mine while evacuating Vukovar wounded

ZAGREB (Agencies) — Two nurses were badly wounded Saturday when an international relief convoy hit a landmine evacnating over 100 injured people from the besieged Croatian town of Vukovar.

It was the first convoy to evacuate wounded from the town since the Serb-led Yugoslav army began a siege of Vukovar in northeast Croatia almost two months

ago.
"Two of our nurses were seriously injured," said Anne-Marie Huby, spokeswoman for the convoy organised by the in-. ternational humanitarian group Medecins Sans Frontieres (MSF).

Ms. Huby would not give names or details of the wounded nurses until their families had been informed. The aid group said earlier most of those in the 12 vehicle mercy convoy were Belgian or Dutch.

One truck carrying wounded ran over a mine and the nurses were wounded," she said. The convoy was now under federal army escort and heading to Pet-

Vukovar. Ms. Huby is in contact with the convoy by radio.

The relief convoy entered the besieged Croatian city of Vukovar Saturday and evacuated the most seriously wounded, as Yugoslavia's 10th ceasefire held

Federal Defence Minister Veljko Kadijevic ordered all army troops to cease fire on the territory of Croatia as of noon (1100 GMT) Saturday in accordance with a truce agreement reached Friday under European community (EC) auspices. The brief order was published by the Yugoslav News Agnency Tanjug.

However, a spokeswoman for Medecins Sans Frontieres, said mortar shells rained down around the convoy for 30 minutes, beginning at noon, as it prepared to leave the city.

Gen. Kadijevic was signed three similar ceasefire orders following previous truce agreements. It was not clear just how much effect his latest would have on the fighters, particularly Serbain loyalists in

with army backing, to prevent the republic from gaining independ-

The convoy of five doctors, eight nurses and other MSF workers, escorted by two EC monitor vehicles, arrived in the embattled Croatian stronghold on the border with rival Serbia at 10 a.m. (0900 GMT).

It left about 1 ½ hours later. carrying about 109 of those who needed "absolute intensive medical care." Joanne Sotirch, an MSF coordinator from Greece told reporters gathered in a vil-lage just west of Vinkovci, where a field hospital had been set up.

She said the convoy was "in great danger" as it left Vukovar. It must pass through Vinkovci, to the southwest en route to the hospital, and Western journalists returning from the city said there was heavy shelling around 1:15 p.m. (1215 GMT).

We strictly urge both sides to cease fire because this convoy has nothing at all to do with politics," Ms. Sotirch said. "We are just

increasingly made by Prime

Minister Hun Sen, Mr. Chea Sim

and a small number of other party

according to a partial transcript of

The congress precedes the sign-

ing in Paris next week of a peace

agreement among Cambodia's

warring factions and the return to

Phnom Penh next month of one-

time head of state Prince Norodom

peace pact outlines, the Cambo-dian People's Party will be vying

for votes with other political

groupings. And it will be severely

handicapped.

Mr. Heng Samrin, Mr. Hun
Sen and Mr. Chea Sim all fought

with the widely detested Khmer Rouge and then were regarded by some as "puppests" of Cambo-dia's traditional enemy —

After the brutal rule of the

Communist Khmer Rouge in the

mid-1970s, most Cambodians in-

If elections are held as the

the congress communique.

Regarded as a pragmatist, Mr. Hun Sen was elected vice president: of the Central Committee,

and state leaders.

rovci, eight kilometres south of Croatia who have been fighting, trying to evacuate people in a dangerous situation.

The group had planned a second trip into Vukovar Saturday afternoon, but the spokeswoman said, "under these conditions I don't think there'll be a second rescue mission today."

Vukovar officials had said ear-

lier the convoy was expected to return to the city also Sunday. An MSF statement quoted the director of Vukovar's hosptial as saying more than 300 wounded people were in the facility, with more casualties arriving daily because of heavy shelling.
Ms. Sotirch said she did not

know who was firing on Vukovar during the convoy's mission. Ear-lier, Croatian defence officials in the city told the associated press that while army guns were silent, Serbian loyalists were still firing. The federal army has limited control over the Serb fighters.

Croatian military officials said later the convoy had been stop-ped about 12 kilometres outside Vukovar by federal forces who were searching the vehicles.

S. Africa accuses ANC of violating

peace pacts JOHANNESBURG (R) — Police Friday accused the African National Congress (ANC) and its army of violating peace agree-

Since the ANC agreed in August 1990 to saspend its armed struggle, there have been 44 violations of peace pacts that have led to 14 deaths, said a statement from National Police

ments with the government that were aimed at ending political

Headquarters in Pretoria. The statement was likely to further strain the ANC's tense relationship with the police and President. F.W. de Klerk. The ANC accuses police of not doing enough to stop violence in black ships and of siding with the rival Inkatha Freedom Party in

Mr. De Klerk denies the allegations. In a statement Friday unrelated to the police allega-tions, he called claims of police bias "irresponsible, unfounded and unjustifiable" and said nearly 6,000 people had been arrested this year for involvement in unrest.

The ANC suspended its 30year guerrilla war to clear the way for talks with the white-minority government on ending apartheid but wants and end to the violence before those talks begin. It says it has not staged any attacks since the August 1990 agreement but acknowledges the continued recruitment and training of sol-

The police statement gave few details but said 65 members of Spear Of The Nation, the ANC's armed wing, had been arrested in connection with the alleged viola-tions. Some said they had trained recruits in the use of firearms, grenades and limpet mines, it

The recruits were to serve in self-defence units in black

Yeltsin vetoes Russian law on local elections

MOSCOW (AP) - Russian President Boris Yeltsin Friday vetoed a law that established early local elections, saying the voting would paralyse the new administrators he has appointed to push home reforms across the huge republic.

A dispute over the elections

was one of the issues that caused squabbling in Mr. Yeltsin's government for the past month, slowing the momentum of efforts to move towards a free-market

Sergei Shakhrai, an ardent Yeltsin loyalist, resigned Friday as chairman of the Legislation Committee and member of the Russian Supreme Soviet President, which last week approved a law setting a Dec. 8 date to elect administrators of cities, districts, regions and territories within

Mr. Shakhrai quit because the law would have left Mr. Yeltsin "without firm executive power in regions of the republic," said Mr. Shakhrai's aide, Konstantin Yeliseyev, in an interview.

Mr. Yeltsin has appointed network of hand-picked administrators over the past year to circumvent hardline Communist officials who were ignoring or thwarting his orders.

Aithough lawmakers gave him the power to appoint the officials, critics in the Russian legislature and elsewhere now call the network undemocratic. Mr. Yeltsin savs it's still needed to implement

his reforms. Mr. Yeltsin had asked the legislator to repeal the law, saying the newly elected officials would be in conflict with his

appointees.
"This will aggravate the crisis still further, and lead to a paralysis of power," Mr. Yeltsin said Thursday, according to the independent news agency Interfax. Mr. Yeltsin proposed holding the elections next spring, with previously scheduled Russian

parliamentary elections. But the legislature rejected the appeal Friday. In response, Mr. Shakhrai quit and Mr. Yeltsin later spiked the law, according to Russian Television and the

government-run Russia Information Agency. Meanwhile, a senior Communist Party official has committed sticide by jumping from the bal-cony of his flat — the third to-plunge to his death since the failed August coup against Presi-dent Mikhail Gorbachev.

Dmitry Lisovolik, 54, a former official of the party's Central Committee, died after jumping from the balcony of his 12th-floor apartment, Soviet News Agency (TASS) said Friday.

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

Moscow power station fire put out

MOSCOW (R) — Fire broke out in a generator at a Moscow power station early Saturday morning, but a spokesman for the city fire brigade said it was put out in an hour and there were no casualties. The generator, one of six, was out of action and would have to be replaced, duty officer Alexander Groshikov said, But the power station, one Tretya Khoroshevskaya Street in the north-west of the city, should be back in action shortly. "The supply of electricity was not affected, because there is a network for supplying users," he said. The fire broke out in some lubricating oil which leaked from the generator through a mechanical failure. "I would say it was not very serious," Mr. Groshikov said. The Soviet News Agency TASS, quoted by Radio Russia, had said earlier that the fire might have "serious consequences."

Zaire premier locked out of office

KINSHASA (R) — Armed troops loyal to Zaire's strongarm President Mobuto Sese Seko barred opposition Prime Minister Ettenne Tshisekedi from entering his office Saturday, witnesses said. The latest power struggle between the two arch-foes came the day after a spokesman for Mr. Mobutu declared that Mr. Tshisekedi's government formed Monday night was illegal because the prime minister had struck out key parts of his investiture document. A defiant Mr. Tshisekedi pleaded with the civil guardsmen to let him into the prime minister's office. When that failed he sat down in a nearby grassy area and said he would meet his cabinet there later in the day. "I will stay here as long as I want," said the 58-year-old lawyer and longtime opponent of Mr. Mobutu. "I will stay here until 4 p.m. (1500 GMT) to hold a meeting with my ministers. You should not obey orders from a thief," Mr. Tshisekedi told the 50 or so guardsmen who barred his way to the prime minister's office in a residential area of the

Miyazawa, foes launch campaign

TOKYO (AP) - Kiichi Miyazawa, who is expected to be chosen Japan's next prime minister, and two other candidates began a weeklong official campaign Saturday for the governing party's presidency. The president of the Liberal Democratic Party (LDP), which has led Japan's government for 36 years, also serves as prime minister because the party holds a majority in the powerful lower house of parliament. The campaign and the party election on Oct. 27 are expected to be largely ceremonial since Mr. Miyazawa, a 72-year-old former deputy prime minister, has the support of the party's largest faction and two other factional groups. Toshiki Kaifu, the 60-year-old popular prime minister who was denied another two-year term by Liberal Democratic powerbrokers early this month, leaves office on Oct. 30.

North Sea oil rig reconnected to tug

ABERDEEN, Scotland (R) - An oil rig adrift in the North Sea since fierce storms Friday was brought under control Saturday. Coastguards said the Borgny Dolphin, operated by Texaco and with 19 men aboard to carry out essential duties, had been reconnected to its towing vessel the far crusader. "The rig is now headed into wind and under command," they said. Earlier Saturday it had been drifting east of the Shetland Islands off the Scottish coast as the weather improved. Sixty-one non-essential workers were airlifted from the rig Friday when it was wrenched away from its towing vessel taking it from a Norwegian oil field to the Strathspey Field. By Saturday the violent storms had abated to 50 mph (80 kph) winds and seas of up to nine metres.

Democrat drops from presidential race

WASHINGTON (R) — One Democrat who was eyeing a try for the presidency — Oklahoma Representative Dave McCurdy — dropped his bid Friday while the political focus shifted again to reluctant New York Governor Mario Cuomo, a man who won't say "no" to talk he might run. Mr. McCurdy, 41, chairman of the House of Representatives Intelligence Committee, said in Oklahoma City he would not join other contenders for the Democratic presidential nod. He said he had to choose between being an effective congressman, committee chairman and father to his three children and being away campaigning. "I have made these the 1992 Democratic presidential nomination," he said.

Thomas sworn in to Supreme Court

WASHINGTON (R) — Clarence Thomas joined the U.S. Supreme Court Friday in an elaborate swearing in ceremony on the White House lawn, saying the bitter battle over his confirmation had made him a better person. Thomas, 43, held one hand up and put the other on a Bible as he took the oath from Supreme Court Justice Byron White with President George Bush and about 1,000 relatives, friends and officials looking on in warm sunshine. "Clarence Thomas has endured America at its worst, and he's answered with America at its best. He brings that hard-won experience to the high court, and American will be the better for it," Mr. Bush told the crowd.

Peru Senate strips Garcia's immunity

LIMA. Peru (R) - Former Peruvian President Alan Garcia, accused of enriching himself in office and having links to the scandal-plagued Bank of Credit and Commerce International, was stripped of his parliamentary immunity early Saturday. In a historic vote which followed 22 hours of debate, the Senate voted 38-17 to lift the immunity Mr. Garcia enjoys as a senator for life. Two senators abstained. Mr. Garcia, a 42-year-old Social Democrat, became the first president in Peru's modern history to face possible criminal charges. The vote was based on findings by a Senate commission that Mr. Garcia enriched himself by about \$400,000! during 14 years as a public servant.

Cambodian Communist Party adopts multi-party system, market economy

BANGKOK (AP) — Cambodia became the first country in Indochina to adopt a multi-party system as the ruling Communists issued a liberal platform to guide their troubled country's future, reports from Phnom Penh said

The Kyodo News Agency said a 17-page party platform decided upon Friday calls for liberal democratic government, a freemarket economy and respect for human rights. It adopts Buddhism as the state religion. The policies were approved by

more than 320 delegates on the closing day of an extraordinary party congress in the Cambodian

Vietnam and Laos, the two other Indochinese nations, have embarked on significant economic reforms but their Communist parties have refused to give up their monopolies on political

The Cambodian party also removed its longtime chief, Heng Samrin, and changed its name to expunge allusions to communism. garnering popular support in adv- decisions in recent years were

agreed a set of arms export rules

in a bid to stop some countries

from amassing huge arsenals they could use to threaten their neigh-

After a two-day meeting in

London, the five announced a

series of guidelines committing

them to avoid selling weapons

likely to worsen international

conflicts or increase tensions in a

They also said they had also

agreed to inform each other ab-

out sales to the Middle East of

major conventional weapons sys-

The meeting grouped senior officials from Britain, China,

France, the Soviet Union and the

United States, the veto-holding

powers in the Security Council

which together account for 85 per

cent of the world's arms trade.

SEOUL (R) - South Korea will

umbrella even if United States

withdraws nuclear weapons from

the country, the Yonhap News

official as saying: "the two coun-

tries have always noted through a

joint communique in annual U.S.-South Korean security talks

that the U.S. nuclear umbrella

announced on Sept. 27 that the

ground-based tactical nuclear

delivered weapons, but the

Washington Post said Saturday

that the United States would also

remove air-delivered nuclear

He made no mention of air-

weapons from South Korea.

President George Bush

protection world continue."

It quoted a senior government

Agency reported Saturday.

remain under the U.S. nuclear

This major breakthrough is

U.S. nuclear arms to be

removed from S. Korea

given region.

ance of a peace pact and general elections in the war-ravaged na-

The Cambodia News Agency (SPK), monitored in Bangkok, said Heng Samrin, who led the party since 1981, was, replaced as general secretary by veteran re-volutionary Chea Sim. The People's Revolutionary Party of Kampuchea changed its name to the Cambodian People's Party.

According to the Kyodo report, the platform also calls for direct and secret balloting to choose the head of the nation and the parliament, guarantees protection for the property of refugees and Cambodians returning from overseas and abolishes the death penalty.

The platform, adopted by the party's Central Committee earlier this month, states that Cambodia will not enter into foreign alliances. that might jeopardise its neut-Heng Samrin, installed in pow-

er by the Vietnamese 12 years ago, was relegated to the honorary position of president of the Central Committee.

ANC lauds U.N. permanent 5 agree phasing rules on arms exports LONDON (R) - The five rules governing export of arms," the chief U.S. delegate, Assistant out of permanent members of the Un-Secretary of State Richard ited Nations Security Council

Clarke, told a news conference. The effort to agree rules stemmed from an initiative in May by U.S. President Geroge Bush and reflected widespread concern over the way Iraq built up and equipped the world fourth largest army which proceeded to invade Kuwait on Aug. 2, 1990.

The agreement made no specific mention of cutting back on arms sales, whose global value last year was estimated at \$22

But Mr. Clarke said it could have that effect. "We do hope that there will be a reduction in arms to the Middle East," he

The guidelines said the five would avoid arms sales that would aggravate an existing conflict, increase tension or destabilise a region, break international embargoes, encourage terrorism or be used other than for legitithe first time in history that the five great powers have agreed on mate defence.

The newspaper quoted admi-

nistration sources as saying the

move was intended to pave the

way for renewed U.S. demands

that North Korea should abandon

its nuclear arms development

programme.
The North, still technically at

war with the South, has refused

to allow international inspection

of its nuclear facilities unless U.S.

nuclear weapons it says are stored

in South Korea receive the same

South Korean officials were

But Yonhap quoted the senior

on the Washington Post report.

official as saying South Korea

would be able to receive a reaf-

firmation of Washington's com-

mitment when this year's security

consultations with the United

States are held next month.

trestment

United States would withdraw not available for direct comment

sanctions

JOHANNESBURG (R) - Nelson Mandela's African National Congress (ANC) welcomed Friday's Commonwealth decision to phase out anti-apartheid? sanctions, but South African business leades urged an immediate end to all curbs.

ANC spokeswoman Gill Marcus said the unanimous agreement of the Commonwealth leaders was in keeping with the anti-apartheid movement's recommendations to the 50-nation grouping of Britain and its former colonies, meeting this week in

"We hope this (decision) will ensure progress politically. What is important to us is that major sanctions remain in place and in keeping with the political pro-cess," Ms. Marcus said. There was no immediate reac-

tion from President F.W. De Klerk whose programme of apartheid reform has raised hopes of a transition to majority rule and an end to Pretoria's political and economic isolation.

The South African Chamber of Business hailed the decision to lift so-called "people-to-people" sanctions immediately, but urged faster action to end trade and investment curbs.

"The political progress which the Commonwealth is keen to see in South Africa requires to be underpinned by rapid economic growth and full participation by South Africa in the international economy," the chamber said in a

The chamber said it was vital to fight unemployment, which is un-officially estimated at over seven million or about 40 per cent of the economically active population. The giant Anglo American Corporation also welcomed the

Commonwealth decision and

urged quicker action on trade.

PEKING (R) — A team of longing in this country for free-French law experts Saturday gave a grim assessment of human rights in China, saying that legal Mr. Bouchet, who also heads reforms launched before Peking's 1989 crackdown on pro-democracy unrest were now "dead-

The group said police in China had overwhelming powers, judges were controlled by the hardline Communist leadership and it was virtually impossible to enter a plea of "not guilty." "We would call upon the hu-

man rights commission in Geneva to monitor the way human rights is implemented in this country very closely," said Alain Girar-det, a Paris court of appeals

judge.
The team of five legal experts headed by Paul Bouchet, a member of France's State Council, ended a week's visit Saturday saying they had been frustrated at every turn by Chinese offiicals. However, they had sensed a wide yearning for greater liberty in private contacts with Chinese

lawyers.
"There seems to be a great

ped dead. dom and liberty. A great desire for the respect of human rights,

France's Consultative Commission on Human Rights, told a news conference. The French group was one of the few specifically concerned with human rights that Peking has

French group paints grim picture of China

permitted since 1989. The visit was made under an agreement worked out by French Foreign Minister Roland Dumas during a trip to China in April.

The lawyers toured Peking's number one prison, which is often put on show for foreigners, as well as a youth detention centre in the central city of Chengdu.

They also met the justice minister and other legal officials, although, like other human rights groups, they were denied access to leading political prisoners.

Mr. Bouchet said the group found Peking unbending in its determination to isolate political prisoners. He said tentative steps, aunched before the 1989 crackdown, to free the judiciary from political control were now stop-

New draft laws to give greater freedom and guarantees to judges and lawyers had been shelved indefinitely, while a 1990 law aimed at expanding the rights of the accused was not being applied, he said.

"As a result of the 1989 events, the reform process has become deadlocked," Mr. Bouchet said. During its heyday of economic and political reform in the 1980s, China struggled to set up a legal framework after the chaos of the radical Cultural Revolution in the 1960s and 70s.

The French delegation said that China's courts, lawyers and judges had been brought back firmly under control by the Communist ideologues who seized power after troops put down prodemocracy protests in Peking in **Junc**, 1989.

Thousands of people, including students and intellectuals, were rounded up. Many were sun-marily tried, and some remain in

"The legal consequences of

efforts to bring rule of law to govern the country," said Jean-Pierre Mignard, a Paris lawyer.
"No real independence is possible for judges or lawyers," Girardet said. "About 70 per cent of their judges have no legal training at all."

The group described the power of China's public security apparatus as "overwhelming" and said a system of vetting pleas before trials makes it almost impossible for lawyers to enter a not guilty

"The most they can do is plead insufficient evidence," said Christian Charriere-Bournazel, a lawyer from Paris.

Mr. Bouchet said the group would make a public report upon its return to France, but added that he doubted the West could catter into a sustained dialogue with Peking on human rights under present conditions.
"For fruitful dialogue to conti-

nue, a number of conditions mustbe met which have not yet been met," he said.

CALLIMN

Tanks return to Moscow — this time

for a film

rounded the building of the Russian Parliament Friday raising fears among some passets by of a repetition of August's failed coup. But this time the army was there just to make a film. Twelve tanks and eight armoured personnel carriers were allocated by Moscow military authorities after Russian Vice President Alexander Rutskoi sanctioned shooting of a film on the coup by the local Sokrat Film Studio, TASS news agency said. Tanks moved on the parliament building — centre of opposition to the hardline emergency committee — several times during the August coup. But they never attacked. The coup has stirred creative activity beyond the film industry.

Kids view hard-pom videos in N. Zealand school library

WELLINGTON (R) - Children at a New Zealand primary school discovered that supposedly educational video cassettes in the library were hard pornography. Outraged parents are demanding that headmaster Jeff Brown resign after a group of 16 children aged nine to 13 watched hard pornography, with scenes includ-ing orgies, anal sex and lesbian-ism. The tapes, discovered next to children's videos at Washdyke School, near Timaru in New Zealand's South Island, were viewed without a teacher present, the parents said. Brown was on sick eave and could not be contacted.

Mahathir says **BBC** 'a bit racist'

KUALA LUMPUR (R) -Malaysian Prime Minister Mahathir Mohammad, attending the Commonwealth summit in Harare, was quoted in local newspapers as saying the British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC) was "a bit racist" on the issue of good government. Mr. Mahathir, who was interviewed by the BBC at the summit, said the BBC had named Malaysia among Com-monwealth countries which lacked good governance. "They felt that unless we clean up our job, we should not be in the govern-ment," Mr. Mahathir told Malaysian journalists covering the sum-mit. "I felt that was a bit racism on the part of the BBC." Mr. Mahathir said the BBC had singled out Malaysia as one of several countries which had laws to deto detain people without trial. "I did out that this is a British law we adopted."

Woman finds heroin in auctioned suitcase

FRANKFURT (R) --- A German housewife who bought a suitcase at an auction for unclaimed sirline luggage ended up taking home about 400,000 marks (\$235,000) worth of heroin. Frankfurt police said Thursday the woman had tried to do her laundry with the contents of a washing powder carton she found in the case. The carton contained four plastic packets holding a total of two kilogrammes of a powder, later identified as heroin. Police said they did not know how much the woman paid for the suitcase.

At \$1,000, no one expects this book to be bestseller

NEW YORK (R) - Even for an art book this two-volume set is spectacular - beautifully printed photographs of the painstaking restoration of Michaelangelo's Sistine Chapel ceiling. But the publishers say they do not expect it to be a bestseller and would be satisfied selling 2,500 copies. At \$1,000 a set that wish is understandable. "The Sistine Chapel," published this week by Alfred A. Knopf, is believed to be the most expensive general trade art book ever published. No second printing is planned and there will not be a paperback edition. The lavishly produced two-volume book is published by Knopf in connection with Nippon Televi-sion, underwriters of the restroration project, who get part of the profits from the book's saie. Susan Ralston, the Knoof editor who oversaw U.S. production of the book, says no expense was spared in its manufacture — from a binding of hand-sewn Italian linen to the heaviest paper ever used in an art book. Many of the more than 700 photographs taken by Takashi Okamura open up in gatefolds up to four feet (more than a metre) long.

